

THE BOURBON NEWS.

CHAMP & MILLER, Editors and Owners.

PRINTED EVERY TUESDAY AND FRIDAY.

Established FEB. 1, 1881.

EIGHTEENTH YEAR.

PARIS, BOURBON CO., KY., FRIDAY, JANUARY 21, 1898.

NO. 6.

C. F. BROWER & CO.

Main and Broadway,
Lexington, Ky.

The Bed of the Future.

Consigned to the past are the old-time beds, with their high posts, their towering canopies, and their fluttering draperies.

THE BED OF TODAY

Is of iron or brass, light, clean attractive and strong, it combines in attractive form all the requisites of an up-to-date bed. The prices cover a wide range—

\$3.50, \$4.50, \$5.00, et.

White Enamelled Dresser, \$12.50 and \$13.50.

Maple and Mahogany chamber furniture in attractive styles.

FOLDING BEDS—

Chiffonier Beds, full size—

\$15.00, \$18.00, \$20.00

Mahogany finish, upright bed with 18x40 French mirror, at \$30.00. Look at our East window—Cut Price Sale of Pictures.

1898

Wall Papers now open and ready for inspection. All new designs and colorings. See us before placing your order. Liberal Discount for contracts now.

C. F. BROWER & CO.

Carpets, Furniture, Wall Paper.
LEXINGTON, KY.

O. EDWARDS.

See my select stock of Christmas supplies:

Nuts, 10c lb.

Figs, 8 to 15c lb.

Raisins, 8 to 15c lb.

Candies, 6 1-4 to 25c lb.

Dates, 7 1-2 c lb.

Oranges, 25 to 40c dozen.

Apples, bananas, prunes, grapes, pickles, dried fruits, oysters, celery, crackers, turkeys.

The cheapest line of fire works in Paris.

Come and see me.

O. EDWARDS,

Paris, Ky.

WE ARE THE PEOPLE.

WE ARE

Headquarters For Correct Styles.



Hats, "Knox" and "Dunlap" Styles, \$3.

New line of Shirts from 75c up. The very latest collars and cuffs—strictly up to date.

Collars, 15c to 20c.

Cuffs, 20c and 25c per pair.

Latest Neckties 25c, 50c and 75c. Full and complete line of gents' furnishings.

OUR HOLIDAY BARGAINS:

Our \$30 Business Suits for \$35.
Our \$35 Business Suits for \$30.
Our \$40 Business Suits for \$35.
Sold by others for \$55 to \$60.

Our \$30 Overcoats for \$25.
Our \$35 Overcoats for \$30.
Our \$40 Overcoats for \$35.
Sold by others for \$60.

Try our \$8 Trousers. Sold by others for \$15.

We mean what we say and can prove it.
The above prices are for Cash.

PARIS FURNISHING & TAILORING CO.

H. S. STOUT, Manager.

JOE MUNSON, Catter.



DR. MOTT'S PENNYROYAL PILLS.

Ask for DR. MOTT'S PENNYROYAL PILLS and take no other. Send for circular. Price \$1.00 per box, 6 boxes for \$5.00. DR. MOTT'S CHEMICAL CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

For Sale by W. T. Brooks, Druggist.

MILLERSBURG.

News Notes Gathered In And About The "Burg."

A. T. Forsyth of Paris, was here yesterday on business.

Mr. Harvey Howe, of Moorefield, was here Wednesday on business.

Mr. J. Will Clarke was in Lexington, Wednesday and Thursday, on business.

Mr. Allen Darnaby, of Lexington, was the guest of Miss Lida Clark, Tuesday.

Miss Maude Myrton has returned from an extended visit with relatives in Chicago.

Miss Carrie Munson, of Carlisle, is the guest of her cousin, Miss Bessie Redmon.

Miss Mary Parnell, of Paris, is the guest of Miss Jennie Parnell and Bessie Parnell.

Miss Lizzie McClintock has returned from Owensville, her school having closed for the year.

Mrs. Mary Caldwell has rented her farm, near town, to Mr. Bishop, of Creighton, Nicholas County.

Mr. Auxier has commenced the erection of four rooms adjoining the old church to be used as a residence.

Mrs. Martha McClelland has sold seventy acres of unimproved land to Ed Hunter at \$1 per acre. The land adjoins Mr. Hunter.

Mrs. Belle Armstrong visited her sister, Mrs. Orlando Brady, in Carlisle, Tuesday and Wednesday. Mrs. Brady returned home with Mrs. Armstrong.

Mr. John Hunter has rented J. Ed Hull's carriage and blacksmith shop and will probably open a livery stable soon. Mr. Hull has rented the old Hunt shop on Main street, opposite the bank.

Mr. Thomas McClintock returned yesterday from Atlanta where he sold a car of mules. He also sold McKay & Smith of Cynthia, a car of good cotton mules.

Henry Berry, col., who found Marcus Heller's pocket book containing \$55 in a buggy at Ingels livery stable and hid it in hay and refused to give it up was held in \$100 bond in Judge Hull's court to answer before the Grand Jury.

A telegram Monday from Bowling Green, Ky., tells of the dangerous illness of Dr. G. W. Myers. It will be remembered that Dr. Myers married Miss Su-Vimont, daughter of Mr. L. C. Vimont of this city. Dr. Myers recently submitted to a delicate surgical operation and has not since rallied. LATER.—A dispatch in Wednesday's Louisville Times announces the death of Dr. George W. Myers. Mrs. Belle Armstrong, a sister of Mrs. Myers, left yesterday for Bowling Green, Ky.

MARRIED.—Mr. Elgar B. Kennard, of Murphysville, and Miss Lela R. Hunter of Millersburg, were married Wednesday at the residence of Mr. Robert Watson at Shannon. The bride is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Hunter, of this place, and is a most excellent young lady. The groom is a prosperous farmer and a worthy citizen of Mason county.

DIED.—Miss Kate Parnell, aged forty-eight, a former well-known resident of this place, died Wednesday morning, at Fulton, Mo., after a protracted illness. The deceased is a sister of M. W. M. Parnell, of Paris, T. M. Parnell, of this place, Jos. B. Parnell, of Bowling Green, Mo., and Mrs. J. S. Baker, of Louisiana, Mo. The remains, accompanied by Mr. Jos. B. Parnell, will arrive here to day, and the funeral will take place Saturday morning, at 10:30, at the Methodist Church. The following gentlemen will be pall-bearers: Dr. W. M. Miller, John C. Layson, Caleb Corrington, Frank B. Ingels, Chas. N. Johnson, G. S. Allen.

CARLISLE.

News Culled From Nicholas County Precincts.

From the Mercury.

BORN.—To the wife of Sam Judge, of near Moorefield on the 16th inst., a son.

DIED.—On the 16th inst., a child of John Fitzpatrick.

DIED.—In this county, on the 14th, Mrs. Crouch, aged 60 years. Burial at Locust Grove.

W. C. Wood has purchased from Mrs. Wm. N. Sanford 90 acres of land for \$5,000, and the old Royce farm of 170 acres at \$30 per acre.

BUD THORNTON, colored, was tried before Judge Tilton Saturday, and held to Circuit Court of the charge of seducing one Jahazey Howard, aged 14 years.

DIED.—The infant child of Rev. M. S. Clark, at the home of Mrs. Geo. W. Wilson, near Moorefield. Burial at Carlisle cemetery yesterday afternoon.

Jonathan Young, colored, is in jail charged with stealing J. N. Hisle's horse. Wallace Crooks was arrested near Millersburg charged with stealing J. T. Quiff's horse.

The meat-house of Arrie Wiggins, of Forest Retreat, was visited by thieves last Saturday night and relieved. Mr. Wiggins of four hams, three shoulders and five middlings.

The Blue Lick Springs was visited by a small side-wheel steamboat last Thursday. It came up from Claysville in charge of Capt. Whalen. About fifty passengers boarded her and rode up to Abner Mill and back.

At a meeting of the stockholders of the Carlisle Deposit Bank the following Directors and officers were elected: Hanson Kennedy, Robt. A. Thompson, W. M. Layson, Wm. Dinsmore, S. W.

Mathers and W. B. Ratliff, directors; Hanson Kennedy, President; Jno. N. Ross, Cashier; John D. Howell and H. L. Potts, Clerk and Individual Book Keeper.

E. P. Clark and Geo. Bramlett were on the Cincinnati tobacco market this week.

Geo. Duckworth has sold his stage line from here to Sharpsburg to Oscar Baird, of this city, and he made his first trip Saturday.



W. L. DOUGLAS \$3 SHOE

Best in the World. For 14 years this shoe, by merit alone, has displaced all competitors. W. L. Douglas \$3.50, \$4.00 and \$5.00 shoes are the productions of skilled workmen, from the best material available at these prices. Also \$2.50 and \$3.00 shoes for men, \$2.50, \$3.00 and \$1.75 for boys and youths. W. L. Douglas shoes are endorsed by over 100,000 wearers as the best in style, fit and durability of any shoe ever offered at the prices. They are made in all the latest shapes and styles, and of every variety of leather. If dealer cannot supply you, write for catalogue to W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass. Sold by J. P. KIEL.

A Modern Lazarus.

Inherited blood diseases are much more difficult to cure than those which are acquired. One of the most common hereditary diseases is Scrofula, which the medical profession admit is most obstinate and deep-seated, and their efforts to cure it meet with little success. A child afflicted with Scrofula is always puny and sickly, and can never grow into health; manhood until the disease is eliminated. Scrofula leads into consumption nine times out of ten, so that it is important for this reason that immediate attention be given to all children who inherit the slightest taint. Mrs. S. S. Mabry, 360 Elm St., Macon, Ga., writes: "My boy, Charlie, inherited a scrofulous blood taint, and from infancy was covered with terrible sores, his sufferings being such that it was impossible to dress him for three years.



CHARLIE MABRY

His head and body were a mass of sores, and his nose was swollen to several times its natural size; to add to his misery he had catarrh, which made him almost deaf, and his eyesight also became affected. No treatment was spared that we thought would relieve him, but he grew worse until his condition was indeed pitiable. A dozen blood remedies were given him by the wholesale, but they did not do the slightest good. I had almost despaired of his ever being cured, when by the advice of a friend we gave him S.S.S. (Swift's Specific), and at first the inflammation seemed to increase, but as this is the way the remedy gets rid of the poison, by forcing it out of the system, we were encouraged and continued the medicine. A decided improvement was the result, and after he had taken a dozen bottles, no one who knew of his former dreadful condition would have recognized him. All the sores on his body have healed, his skin is perfectly clear and smooth, and he has been restored to perfect health."

Mr. A. T. Morgan, one of the prominent druggists of Macon, and a member of the board of aldermen of that city, says: "I am familiar with the terrible condition of little Charlie Mabry, and the cure which S.S.S. effected in his case was remarkable, and proves it to be a wonderful blood remedy."

S.S.S. is the only cure for deep-seated blood diseases, such as Scrofula, Rheumatism, Cancer, Eczema, Catarrh, etc. It is the only blood remedy guaranteed

Purely Vegetable

and contains no potash, no mercury or other mineral, which means so much to all who know the disastrous effects of these drugs.

Valuable books mailed free to any address by the Swift Specific Company, Atlanta, Ga.

I offer my services to the public to put in electric bells, or electric burglar alarms, in storerooms or residences. Can recharge and repair old batteries and overhaul old wires and make as good as new. Terms, extremely reasonable. WOOD GRINNAN, Lock-box 173, Paris, Ky.

Wright's Celery Tea regulates the liver and kidneys, cures constipation and sick headache. 25c at all druggists.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE

— OF —

Bourbon County Land.

BOURBON CIRCUIT COURT.

Nannie T. Martin's Ex'r, Plaintiff.

vs.

T. M. Fisher, etc., Defendants.

By virtue of an agreed order of sale in the above styled action entered at the Nov., 1897, term of the Court, the undersigned will on,

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 7TH, 1898,

about the hour of 11 a. m., o'clock at the Court-house door in Paris, Bourbon County, Kentucky expose to public sale the following real estate located near Ruddells Mills in Bourbon County, Kentucky, to-wit:

A tract of 131 acres, 0 rods and 17 poles of land lying in Bourbon County, Kentucky, near the town of Ruddells Mills adjoining the lands lately owned by J. W. Melvin, the Millersburg & Ruddells Mills turnpike, the Willis Collins estate, the farm lately owned by Bourbon County as a poor house farm, the lands of J. J. Dimmitt and others, 131 acres, 0 rods and 17 poles thereof being the same lands conveyed to T. M. Fisher by Willis Collins and others by deed of record in the office of the Clerk of Bourbon County Court in deed book 52, page 8, and the remaining 10 acres being the same lands conveyed to said Fisher by Joshua Barton and others by deed recorded in the office of the Clerk of the Bourbon County Court in deed book 52, page 9, to which reference is made for a description of said lands by metes and bounds.

TERMS.—This sale will be made upon credits of 12 and 18 months for equal parts of the purchase money, and the purchaser will be required to execute bonds with good surety to be approved of by the undersigned assignee bearing interest from date until paid at the rate of 6 per cent. This sale will be made free from the contingent dower right of the wife of T. M. Fisher. For further information apply to the assignee at Richmond, Ky.

H. B. HOGG,

Assignee of T. M. Fisher.

Or, McMILLAN & TALBOTT, Att'ys for Plff., Paris, Ky.

SHERIFF'S SALE

— OF —

Bourbon Co. Land

BOURBON CIRCUIT COURT.

W. C. Wilkerson, etc., Plaintiffs.

vs.

Margaret A. Elliott, etc., Defendants.

By virtue of an order to me directed, issued from the Bourbon Circuit Court, at its November, 1897, term, I will, at eleven o'clock, a. m., on

SATURDAY, JANUARY 22, 1898,

expose to the highest bidder, at the Court-house door, in Paris, Kentucky, the life interest of E. O. Elliott in about 80 acres of land, described as follows:

A tract of about 80 acres of land situated in Bourbon County, Ky., on the waters of Hinkston creek, and being the same land allotted to said Margaret A. Elliott as her share of the estate of her father, Andrew Banta, bounded on the North by the land of Margaret C. Arnold, on the East by the lands of Mary J. Gillispie and Isaac Clinkenbeard, and on the South by the lands of Lot Banta, Henry Banta and James Banta's heirs, on the West by the lands of Lot Banta.

The sale will be made to satisfy the judgment of Dr. W. C. Wilkerson and other plaintiffs in these consolidated actions amounting on the day of sale with interest and costs and expense of sale to about \$570.00.

Said sale will be made upon credits of six and twelve months, for equal parts of the purchase money, for which the purchaser will be required to execute bonds with good surety to be approved by the undersigned Sheriff, bearing interest from day of sale until paid at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum, having the force and effect of a judgment.

GEO. W. BOWEN,

S. B. C. C.

McMILLAN & TALBOTT, Att'ys. W. C. Wilkerson.



Kurtzman Pianos

Have for years been known as among the best. Over 10,000 are in use in Cincinnati and surrounding territory. These celebrated instruments are now

Better Than Ever,

As they contain recent improvements greatly enhancing their musical worth, which cannot be obtained elsewhere. We are sole representatives and intending purchasers will avoid errors and misunderstanding by conferring with us.

Ernest Urchs & Co.

121-123 W. 4th St., CINCINNATI. Sole Steinway Representatives.

J. R. ADAIR.

L. C. MOORE.

Drs. Adair & Moore,

Dental Surgeons.

Phone 79.

No. 3 BROADWAY, PARIS, KY.

Office Hours: 8 to 12 a. m.; and 1 to 5 p. m. (34c-1f)

Henry L. Casey,

Veterinary Surgeon & Dentist.

All diseases of the domesticated animals treated on scientific principles. Diseases of the hog a specialty. Office at Turney, Clark & Mitchell's lower stable.

DR. CALDWELL'S SYRUP PEPSIN

CURES CONSTIPATION.

W. O. HINTON, Agent,

Fire, Wind and Storm Insurance.

THE VERY BEST. OLD, RELIABLE, PROMPT-PAYING.

NON-UNION.

"BIG FOUR"

ROUTE

BEST LINE TO AND FROM

TOLEDO & DETROIT

All Points in Michigan.

CHICAGO.

"White City Special."

Best Terminal Station.

ST. LOUIS.

Avoiding The Tunnel.

BOSTON.

Wagner Sleeping Cars.

NEW YORK.

Buffett Parlor Cars, Wagner Sleeping Cars, Private Compartment Cars, Elegant Coaches and Dining Cars.

Be sure your tickets read via "BIG FOUR."

O. McCORMICK, Passenger Traffic Mgr.

D. B. MARTIN, Gen. Pass. & Tkt. Agt. CINCINNATI, O.

THE NEW YORK WORLD

THRICE-A-WEEK EDITION.

18 Pages a Week...

... 156 Papers a Year

FOR ONE DOLLAR.

Published every Alternate Day except Sunday.

The Thrice-a-Week Edition of THE NEW YORK WORLD is first among all "weekly" papers in size, frequency of publication, and the freshness, accuracy and variety of its contents. It has all the merits of a great daily at the price of a dollar weekly. Its political news is prompt, complete, accurate and impartial as all its readers will testify. It is against the monopolies and for the people.

It prints the news of all the world, having special correspondence from all important news points on the globe. It has brilliant illustrations, stories by great authors, a capital humor page, complete markets, departments for the household and women's work and other special departments of unusual interest.

We offer this unequalled newspaper and THE BOURBON NEWS, together one year for \$2.50. The regular subscription price of the two papers is \$3.00.

NEWS ITEMS.

The island of Jamaica has been declared free from yellow fever. The native troops from Kassala have captured another Dervish outpost, Magalla, west of Kassala.

Secretary Alger was able to sit up for a short time Monday and is said to be otherwise improved in condition.

Exports to America from north Germany showed a falling off during the last quarter of \$8,281,813, the decrease principally in sugar.

The Norwegian bark Hassel, Capt. Tillotson, from Savannah, December 18, for Warburg, is ashore in the Agger, a waterway in Denmark.

The Androscooggon cotton mills at Lewiston, Me., have shut down all departments for an indefinite period owing to the strike of a portion of the operatives.

The German warships Deutschland and Gefion, under command of Prince Henry, of Prussia, have passed Peru on their way to China and signalled all well on board.

Forty persons were killed and 18 injured by an explosion of gas in one of the mines of the Donetz coal Co., in the Taganrog district, on the north shore of the sea of Azov.

Mayor Templeton, of Vancouver, B. C., is dead. His death was due to an apoplectic stroke. Mr. Templeton is the third one of Vancouver's mayors to die a sudden death.

The Curtis bill for the reorganization of Indian territory with the changes made in joint sessions of the Indian committee, was introduced by Mr. Curtis, of Kansas, Monday.

The Brazilian government is considering the sale of the cruiser Abern, now building on the Tyne, and the iron clads Deodoro and Floriano, which are being built in France.

The condition of health of Empress Augusta Victoria excites comment. She will go in the spring to some southern air cure. Her physicians still forbid her leaving her room.

The British steamer G. R. Booth, Capt. Ackerly, from Savannah, December 28, for Bremen, stranded at Texel but was towed off later by a salvage and steamer, proceeded to her destination.

The United States ambassador to Great Britain, Col. John Hay and family, will sail from Genoa on the North German Lloyd steamship Prinz Regent Luitpold on January 25 for Egypt, for a tour up the Nile.

Louis Waack, of Clareneville, Mich., killed a hog that was diseased, and he and his wife and seven children were poisoned with trichine. A 17-year-old daughter died Monday night, and it is feared the entire family will die.

Jacob Frund, of Blue Earth, Minn., committed suicide by shooting himself in the head. He gained much notoriety at the time of the drowning of pretty Annie Ober. He was arrested, had a double trial and was finally acquitted.

By unanimous vote of the city council of Joliet, Ill., the Joliet Railway Co. has been given a franchise for 50 years, and several miles more of streets. The company has \$300,000 more invested and will put in \$200,000 more this winter.

The official returns just issued show the imports in France for 1897 to have been 4,000,126,000 francs, as compared with 3,375,750,000 in 1896. The exports for 1897 were 3,675,513,000 francs, compared with 3,300,920,000 francs during the previous year.

Gov. Lord has appointed a committee of six leading citizens of Portland, Ore., to take charge of a movement to raise supplies and medicine for the suffering Cubans. The governor will appoint similar committees in every town of importance in the state.

At Chicago the Bakers' union has begun a war against the American Biscuit Co., and incidentally against all employers of non-union bakers. The officers of the union say they will carry the war into every state where the American Biscuit Co. does business.

Secretary McIntyre, of the Brooklyn Jockey club, announces A. J. Stemler & Co.'s Fleur de Lis, four years, and C. T. Boot's The Roman, four years, as additional entries for the Brooklyn handicap. The total number of entries is now 44, 11 more than last year.

A telegram was received at the war department Monday from Dr. Jackson at Trondhjem, Norway, stating that Mr. Kjellmann was on his way from the interior with 500 fine reindeer which he had purchased, together with a suitable number of sleds and drivers.

With the thermometer 30 degrees below zero, a midnight race over 35 miles of rough mountain country in the heart of the Klondike has earned for Geo. Graham, a Shelton logger, the first prize of staking off overlooked and unregistered placer claims valued at \$200,000.

Ex-Mayor L. W. Hess has been appointed receiver for the Ottawa (Ill.) Electric Street Car Co., of which W. P. Ellis, of Boston, is president. The company was organized last year with a capital of \$100,000. Extensions were built at large expense to which eastern capitalists, it is said, have failed to contribute.

At Oakland, Cal., the authorities are investigating the death of Joseph Raeside, a horse trainer, whose mangled corpse was found alongside the railroad track at Shellmound, there being a strong suspicion that he was murdered and his body placed upon the track for the purpose of destroying all traces of the crime.

The remains of the late Judge John N. Scott, brother-in-law of ex-President Harrison, were buried Monday afternoon at Washington, Pa. The deceased was United States attorney in charge of Indian depredation claim and died suddenly of pneumonia ten days ago at Las Vegas, N. M.

The executive committee of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen are holding their annual session in Peoria, Ill., to receive reports and audit accounts. The net increase in membership during 1897 was 3,000 and 37 new lodges were instituted. The officers report a steady demand for Brotherhood men by the railroads.

NEW YORK GROCER

Kills His Wife and Two Children With a Hatchet, Then Puts a Bullet Through His Head.

New York, Jan. 18.—John Matthews, a retail grocer, some time between last Saturday night and Monday morning, murdered his wife and two children, a boy ten years old and a girl twelve, by hacking them to death with a hatchet. Matthews then committed suicide by shooting himself in the head. Before dying it is believed that he turned on the gas with the intention that asphyxiation should complete his murderous work. The crime was committed in a small bedroom in the rear of the store kept by Matthews. The wife and her two children met death while asleep. It is supposed that Matthews had become despondent from pecuniary difficulties.

The tragedy was discovered through the odor of escaping gas, which prompted a milkman making his rounds early Monday to call a policeman. On the floor of the sleeping room the officer found the corpse of Matthews. In his hand was a revolver and there was a bullet hole just above his mouth.

There were two beds in the room. On one of these beds lay Matthews' wife. Her head was chopped and mangled almost beyond recognition. On the other bed the two children lay side by side. Their faces, too, were frightfully cut and hacked.

That the murders and suicide were premeditated was evident. Matthews had waited until his wife and children were asleep. Then he stripped himself to the waist, took the hatchet and brained his wife. After that he attacked his children. From letters left it was ascertained that for some time Matthews had been intending to end his own life. He had been in the dry goods business further up town and had failed. A few months ago he opened the grocery store and had met with little success. His wife, a pretty little woman, had recently undergone a severe operation. It was these things evidently that prompted Matthews to write this letter which was found open and unaddressed:

"It is a terrible thing I have to do to keep my word. I promised that all shall go with me, and delay is no good. If I could only have died alone. I love my wife and two children. I told them I did not want to go in any business, that my mind was gone and I guess that my nerve is all that is left. For five years we have talked the thing over. I always wanted to go out in a boat and accidentally capsize. I knew that otherwise I would have a hard time of it."

From a letter left by Mrs. Matthews to a friend it was gathered that she was a party to a suicide agreement.

Mrs. Matthews left instructions as to the clothes in which the dead children should be buried and signified the place of interment for the entire family as Highland, N. Y. Matthews was 30 years old.

PRESIDENT DOLE,

Of Hawaii, Lands in San Francisco—His Reception Not One Befitting a Ruler of a Foreign Country.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 18.—When President Dole, of Hawaii, landed from the steamship Peru Monday morning he was not received with the ceremony befitting the ruler of a foreign country. The Peru arrived shortly after 6 o'clock Sunday night, and the quarantine regulations were not waived in



PRESIDENT SANFORD B. DOLE.

favor of the visiting president, so he remained on board all night. When the steamer docked Monday, President Dole was greeted by the Hawaiian consul and a few friends, but there was no representatives of the United States government to formally welcome him. The customs officials passed the baggage of himself and family without inspection and that was all. Owing to the fact that the steamer came in after dark Sunday night no salute was fired by any of the forts around the bay.

Late Monday afternoon Gen. Shafter and his staff in full uniform made their official call upon President Dole at his hotel and were received by Maj. Iwakana, Col. Fisher and Dr. Day, each of whom was resplendent with gold lace, prior to being admitted to the presence of the distinguished visitor, who was most cordially welcomed by Gen. Shafter on behalf of the government of the United States, the proceedings were entirely formal and after the usual exchange of courtesies, the representative of the government left.

To Open Cannel Coal Mines.

BARNHURST, Ky., Jan. 18.—B. R. Hutchcraft, of Lexington, and T. C. H. Vance, of Louisville, went to Stinking creek, this county, to inspect the cannel coal mines located there. Eastern capitalists will open the mines. Sixteen miles of railroad will be built from here to the mines, which contain the largest vein of cannel coal in Kentucky.

Ex-Congressman Dead.

RICHMOND, Va., Jan. 18.—Ex-Congressman Benjamin S. Hooper died suddenly at Farmville Monday morning.

BILL INTRODUCED

For the Construction of Eight Vessels for Revenue Cutter Service.

Bill Provided for the Withholding of Pensions of Old Soldiers Employed in the Civil Service in Cases Where Their Annual Salary Exceeds \$1,200.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—The Indian appropriation bill as reported to the house Tuesday carries an aggregate of \$7,527,204 against estimates of \$7,375,617. Of the amount recommended \$270,000 are reimbursable to the government. The total amount for the support of Indian schools from other than the treaty funds is \$2,574,540; for fulfilling treaty stipulations \$3,250,399 is appropriated.

SENATOR WHITE.
(Leader of the Anti-Annexationists in Congress.)

Senator Teller Tuesday introduced a bill in the senate regulating the interstate traffic in wild game and making it unlawful for any railroad company or common carriers to ship game from one state to another contrary to the laws of the state from which shipped. The control of the traffic is placed in the hands of the interstate commerce commission.

Senator Gallinger, from the senate committee on public health, Tuesday reported favorably to the senate the bill authorizing an investigation of the leprosy in the United States, and in doing so presented in support a letter from the surgeon general of the marine hospital service. The surgeon general expresses the opinion that there are many more of leprosy in the United States than are actually known.

Representative Hepburn, of Iowa, has introduced a bill to construct eight vessels for the revenue cutter service, four to take the place of the revenue cutters Seward, McLane, Colfax and Boutwell. One of the others is for service about the Columbia river bar on the Pacific coast, to cost not over \$250,000 and the three others to cost \$450,000, are for harbor service. At Philadelphia replacing the Washington, at Boston replacing the Hamlin, and at New York replacing the Chandler. Mr. Hepburn has also offered a bill increasing the pay of chief engineers of the cutter service to \$2,100 on duty and \$1,500 on leave or orders, and granting pensions to the seamen.

Senator Platt, of New York, Tuesday introduced a bill providing for withholding the pensions of old soldiers employed in the civil service under the laws favoring them for such positions in cases where their salaries exceed \$1,200 per annum.

Senator Morgan occupied the attention of the senate during the entire time of the executive session Tuesday in the presentation of his views on the subject of the annexation of the Hawaiian Islands. He dwelt especially upon the military importance of the islands, quoting Gen. Seofield and Capt. Mahan at length in support of his position that the islands were a natural protection of our western coast and of our general commerce in case of war.

Mr. Morgan predicted that if the United States did not take advantage of the present opportunity to acquire the islands there would be war between this country and some other power within ten weeks.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—The first contested election case of the present congress was disposed of by the house Tuesday. Chairman Taylor, of committee on elections No. 2, reported that Thos. F. Clark, who filed notice of contest against Jesse F. Stallings, representing the Second Alabama district, had abandoned his contest, and the committee therefore unanimously reported a resolution declaring Mr. Stallings entitled to the seat.

The house committee on interstate and foreign commerce has reported the anti-scalping bill. There was but two dissenting votes in the committee.

The army appropriation bill was passed in the house and the diplomatic and consular appropriation bill taken up. The minority served notice that they proposed to debate our foreign relations exhaustively.

Mr. Gallinger, of the committee on public health and national quarantine, Tuesday reported favorably to the senate a bill providing for an investigation of the subject of leprosy and it was placed on the calendar.

The senate committee on finance voted Tuesday to report the Teller resolution declaring for the payment of the national bonds in silver as well as gold. The vote stood 8 to 5. The resolution is practically the same as the Stanley Matthews resolution adopted some years ago.

More Rioting in Lyons.

LYONS, Jan. 19.—Tuesday the students made a riotous demonstration in front of the synagogue and the Jewish shops, breaking shop windows and raising menacing shouts. The police had great difficulty in dispersing them. Hand-to-hand encounters were frequent and there were many arrests.

Awarded \$5,000 Damages.

WARSAW, Ind., Jan. 19.—In the Kosciusko county circuit court Tuesday Rev. A. J. Fisher was awarded \$5,000 damages against the city of Warsaw for injuries received by a fall on a defective sidewalk. He sued for \$20,000.

THIRD DAY

Of the Coal Operators and Miners' Joint Conference.

CHICAGO, Jan. 20.—Wednesday's session of the interstate joint conference of bituminous coal operators and miners was enlivened by an attempt on the part of the Illinois operators to have a committee of 21 miners of this state appointed to meet a like number of operators and arrange a scale of differentials. The session began with a full attendance, but no report was presented by the scale committee, and they were granted further time. Chairman Sweet, of the committee, informed the convention that nothing of a definite nature had transpired in the committee, and that none of the questions discussed had been put to a vote.

Chairman Dalzell, of the Illinois operators, then presented a motion that the Illinois miners be permitted to name a committee of 21 to meet the operators and agree upon differentials in the state. The operators, he said, had agreed upon a basis of differentials and in order to facilitate action in the convention he proposed to have the locals all ready for the convention.

Differentials seem to be a signal for discord whenever mentioned, and no sooner had Mr. Dalzell's motion been seconded than a storm of opposition broke loose from Indiana, Ohio and Pennsylvania.

President Hatchford supported the Illinois plan, saying it would facilitate the working of the convention and could do no harm.

A motion to table Mr. Dalzell's plan was put and declared lost under the rules, although it received a vote of 24 against 12.

Chairman Holecomb stated that if the Illinois representatives wished to meet it was clearly without the pale of the convention, and that any action they might take would necessarily need the approval of the convention.

Mr. Dalzell thereupon withdrew his motion, having, as he stated, secured all he desired, the practical consent of the convention for a meeting of the miners and operators in the state.

No other business being presented the convention took a recess, awaiting the scale committee. A report from them, however, was not expected Wednesday.

The Pennsylvania and Ohio members of the scale committee did not reach an agreement Wednesday night but it is probable that Thursday they will agree on a differential of four cents. Pennsylvania wants nine cents and the Ohio men are willing to grant four. The feeling is good between the two states and an agreement Thursday is considered likely.

Critical Condition of Mr. Gladstone.

LONDON, Jan. 20.—The Pall Mall Gazette Wednesday afternoon, makes the



WILLIAM EWART GLADSTONE.

following announcement in big type: "With deep regret we learn on most excellent authority that Mr. Gladstone's health causes the gravest anxiety to those about him. His sojourn at Cannes has not had the effect of fortifying his strength as anticipated." The new placards of the Pall Mall Gazette reads: "Critical condition of Mr. Gladstone." The announcement is causing much excitement.

SERIES OF SWINDLES

By a Gang of American Crooks and Mexican Allies in Mexico.

MEXICO CITY, Jan. 20.—The revelations regarding the operations of the gang of American crooks with Mexican allies continues to be made and show a most surprising series of swindles, including the well known gold brick trick, robbing by means of rendering the victims insensible with knockout drops, cheating at cards, poisoning race horse on which the public bet heavily, etc. Mr. Taylor, of this city, was lured into a town where he was told he would get large orders and was rendered insensible by drugged beer and robbed of his diamonds and money. The police are making fresh arrests.

Fire at Ionia, Mich.

IONIA, Mich., Jan. 20.—A disastrous fire broke out in the Weber brown stone block at midnight. The block is gutted, including Weber's hardware store, Van Allen's drug store, Gardell's fruit store, Van Houten's jewelry store, Bradley & Co.'s furniture store on Main street and several stores on Second street. Loss \$75,000, with about \$35,000 insurance.

Gen. Lee's Birthday.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 20.—Wednesday was the ninety-second anniversary of the birth of Gen. Robert E. Lee, and in accordance with their custom, every camp in the south of the United Confederate Veterans and every chapter of the Daughters of the Confederacy observed the anniversary with appropriate memorial exercises.

Cuba Lost to Spain.

BOSTON, Jan. 19.—Special Commissioner Simpson, of this city, who was sent to Cuba by the national agricultural department to investigate the food supply, reports that the strife will end with relief for the sufferers. He says the island is lost to Spain, and that McKinley at a conference coincided with his views.

New Mayor of Havana.

HAVANA, Jan. 20.—Wednesday the new mayor of Havana, the Marquis Deestaban took office. The 12 conservative and reformist aldermen retired and were succeeded by 12 autonomists.

RAINY REMINDER.

Characteristic Bit of "Old" Ireland in America.

A Cleveland landlord has one of his houses tenanted by a family that is out of all proportions to the size of the dwelling. In fact, he strongly suspects that there are at least two distinct families in the house, and he is quite anxious to get rid of them. He doesn't want to turn them out, and he has been hoping they would take the frequent hints he gives them and seek some other location. Lately they have complained of a leaky roof, but the landlord has determined to make no repairs until they leave.

A few days ago the head of the household waited on him.

"Well, sor," he said, "that roof has been leakin' agin."

"Has it?" asked the landlord.

"Yis, sor. It leaks right over me sister's bed. 'Drops right down on her, sor. This mornin' she came out of the room a-cryin', sor. It had been raining on her all night. Yis, sor, cryin'."

"Well, why in Tophet," inquired the landlord, "didn't she move the bed?"

"'Twasn't that, sor," hastily remarked the tenant. "'Twasn't that."

"What ailed her, then?"

"Why, you see, sor, she were just a-cryin' because it reminded her so much of home,"—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Best Route to Klondike.

The quickest and cheapest route is via St. Paul or Minneapolis, the Northern Pacific Railway, Taiya (Dyea) and Chilkoot Rail & Tramway, or via Skagway and wagon road to summit of White Pass. The lines over these passes are assured will be in operation in February, 1898, by which time the worst storms will be over and the snow packed down fit for traveling.

The ice goes out of the upper Yukon basin lakes May 15th to June 1st or simultaneously with the opening of the Stikine River 300 miles south, but you can reach the Salmon, Pelly, Stewart and Klondike country from three weeks to a month earlier by properly equipping your party and sledding your outfits. Lake Lindeman can open river at foot of Lake Le Borge, 100 miles, thus avoiding possible portages at Miles Canon and White Horse Rapid.

Send two cents postage to Chas. S. Fee, St. Paul, Minn., for latest illustrated Alaska map. The Northern Pacific will give the way running its trains (all equipped with Dining Cars, Standard, Tourist and free Colonist sleepers) through to Tacoma, Seattle and Portland.

As the pioneer line in Alaska passenger traffic, the Northern Pacific will give the latest authentic information as to reliable routes of travel.

The Brass of Critics.

"I often marvel," said Pennington, the author, "at these critics who in an hour's time blast a work over which we authors have spent a year."

"Yes," replied Cawstik, who had read Pennington's latest, "when a minute would suffice them to say all that is necessary."—Philadelphia North American.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and if it is entirely closed deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Advantages of the Sleigh.

The man who owns a sleigh has no difficulty in making himself solid with the girls. As girls soon get cold and are ready to go home we can take as many as six in one afternoon, taking each girl home as fast as she freezes and going for another. The man who gets a girl in a buggy in summer isn't allowed to turn back till the horse gets lame.—Atchison Globe.

Hawaii and Japan.

Despatches from Washington state that there are about to be important developments in the Japanese imbroglio with the government of the Hawaiian Islands. However this may be, certain it is that the disturbance of the stomach caused by simple indigestion will develop into chronic dyspepsia unless checked at the start. The finest stomachic is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which promptly rectifies gastric trouble, and does away with irregularity of the bowels and liver.

Just a Scheme, of Course.

Tenpenny—Here is an account in the paper of a man who was shipwrecked in mid-ocean and cast away on a desert island with another man's wife.

Mrs. Tenpenny—The wretch! I hope his wife got a divorce from him!—Town Topics.

A Golden Era

is the title of an illustrated pamphlet issued by the general passenger department of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway in mining in Colorado, California and other Western States.

Klondike is an illustrated folder about Alaska and its gold mines, with rates of fare and information as to how to get there and title to prospect after arrival. Both publications may be had free of expense by sending four (4) cents in stamps to pay postage to Geo. H. Headford, General Passenger Agent, Chicago, Ill.

Racial Characteristics.

Tom—It takes an Irishman for ready wit. Dick (who has just visited his "uncle")—And a Jew for ready cash.—Up To Date.

Give the Children a Drink

called Grain-O. It is a delicious, appetizing, nourishing food drink to take the place of coffee. Sold by all grocers and liked by all who have used it, because when properly prepared it tastes like the finest coffee but is free from all its injurious properties. Grain-O aids digestion and strengthens the nerves. It is not a stimulant but a health builder, and children, as well as adults, can drink it with great benefit. Costs about 4 as much as coffee. 15 and 25c.

A Criterion.

He (passionately)—You are the only girl I have ever loved!

She (coldly)—So I should judge by the way you go at it.—N. Y. Journal.

Best of All

To cleanse the system in a gentle and truly beneficial manner, when the Springtime comes, use the true and perfect remedy, Syrup of Figs. Buy the genuine. Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, and for sale by all druggists, at 50 cents per bottle.

Talk is cheap, but somehow gossip always gains currency.—Chicago Daily News.

Cold quickens rheumatism, but quickly, Surety, St. Jacobs Oil cures it.

When a man is drunk, and should talk least, he talks most.—Atchison Globe.

Limp and lame—lame back. St. Jacobs Oil cures it promptly, surely.

It's about as hard for a man to keep a diary as it is for a woman to keep a sharp lead pencil.—Chicago Daily News.

Rheumatism

Is permanently cured
By Hood's Sarsaparilla
Which neutralizes the
Lactic acid in the blood.
Thousands who were
Sufferers write that they
Have felt no symptoms
Of Rheumatism since
Taking Hood's Sarsaparilla

Reflections of a Bachelor.

At 30 marriage is the wine of life; at 40 it's the morning after.

A man is quiet when he is dead; a woman is dead when she is quiet.

Every woman is a mirror of her bosom friend to her husband and a mirror of her husband to her bosom friend.

The first sign that a woman is beginning to feel her age is when she hunts up all the baby pictures of her children.

Half a woman's pleasure in buying a pretty pair of stockings cheap is spoiled because she can never be perfectly sure they won't crock.

When you see a girl's eyes look as if she had been crying she has generally met with some great grief, or else she has just had her bath and couldn't find her silk starching bag.—N. Y. Press.

In Vienna.

First Citizen—And is Herr Von Pommerer a proper candidate for the reichsrath?

Second Citizen (impressively)—My friend, you should see him punch the bag.—Puck.

A cold—sore and stiff. All right again. St. Jacobs Oil did it—cured.

Do it isn't cheap when you hire a lawyer to talk for you.—Chicago Daily News.

Burning, itching frost-bite. Use St. Jacobs Oil—cures promptly. Cools the fever.

A girl puts in a great deal of her spare time reading advertisements and wanting things.—Washington Democrat.



ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, head-aches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50 cent bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CRISIS REACHED.

The Witnesses in the Alleged Bribery Case Refuse to Testify.

Their Attorneys Claim That the Senate Has No Jurisdiction in the Investigation of Alleged Bribery, and Witnesses Refuse to Testify in the Matter.

COLUMBUS, O., Jan. 19.—The senate committee Tuesday night began its investigation into the charges of bribery, made by Representative Otis during the recent senatorial contest. The members of the house committee, appointed to investigate the same charges, were invited to be present, but they did not participate officially and there will be two separate investigations. J. J. Sullivan, H. M. Daugherty and Cyrus Huling were present to represent Senator Hanna, Maj. Dick and others, but the committee voted four to one against allowing any counsel to participate.

The committee in executive session decided not to allow any attorneys and adopted other rules of procedure. It was decided to hold executive sessions for business and to take testimony in public. The committee went from the committee room to the senate chamber when it was ready to call witnesses and a crowd awaited them. The committee consists of Senators Robertson, Finck and Long, democrats, and Senators Burke and Garfield, republicans. Senator Burke was one of the leaders of the opposition to Senator Hanna. Senator Garfield is the only member of the committee who voted for Hanna, and the votes taken were four to one.

Senator Burke presided and Judge Robertson examined the witnesses. In the executive session Judge Robertson was appointed prosecutor. All members of the committee asked questions except Senator Garfield. There were four witnesses examined Tuesday night as follows: Samuel Pentland, proprietor of the Neil house, where Senator Hanna had his headquarters; Shepherd M. Dunlap, manager of the Western Union Telegraph Co.; W. L. Truesdale, manager of the Postal Telegraph Co.; Frank P. Ross, manager of the Telephone Co. Nothing new was developed during the session of four hours. The witnesses refused to answer some questions and to produce their books and copies of messages.

Mr. Pentland refused to produce his books to show who paid for rooms at the Neil house and for other expenses and was given until Wednesday night to do so.

Manager Ross wanted to consult his superior officers before telling who was connected with the private telephone in the Neil house by their long distance lines and he was given more time till Wednesday night.

Managers Dunlap and Truesdale were given till Wednesday night to produce copies of telegraphic messages sent and received by the managers for Senator Hanna.

The investigation will drag along for some time if no more progress is made at future sessions than was made Tuesday night. As the senate stands 19 to 17 against Hanna with Senator Burke voting with the democrats, it is quite probable that there will be some report adopted in that body to transmit to the United States senate. In the house, the vote is 56 to 53 the other way and the house investigating committee may do little more than look on at the senate investigation. Owing to the majority in the house being different in political complexion from that of the senate, it is impossible to secure the adoption of a joint resolution for an investigation. The charges are made by Representative Otis, a member of the house, and the investigation in parliamentary usages would belong to the lower branch of the legislature, but the factional lines are such as to cause the senate to investigate the alleged attempt to bribe a member of the house. The workers in the recent senatorial contest are keeping up their fight on the same old lines in the investigation.

COLUMBUS, O., Jan. 19.—Senator Burke, chairman of the committee investigating the bribery charges made by Representative Otis, did not issue any subpoenas Wednesday for additional witnesses as expected. He stated that the committee would be engaged Wednesday night in getting the hotel proprietors to produce their books and the telegraph companies to furnish copies of messages.

COLUMBUS, O., Jan. 20.—The investigation into the charges of bribery at the recent election of United States senator reached a crisis Wednesday night. No matter what may be the final result of the investigation, there will likely be several witnesses arrested for contempt. The committee had seven witnesses subpoenaed for Wednesday night, but they were not all examined because none of them would testify.

The senate committee Tuesday night examined Samuel Pentland, Frank P. Ross, W. E. Truesdale and Shepherd M. Dunlap, but then asked to confer with their attorneys and were excused till Wednesday night for that purpose. When they appeared Wednesday night they said their attorneys held that the senate had no jurisdiction in the investigation of a member of the house and had advised them not to answer any further questions before the committee. They all followed the advice of their attorneys, as did Mr. Hollenbeck, who was not on the stand Tuesday night. When the committee found that the advice of attorneys was being followed uniformly by all witnesses called, the open session was closed and the committee went into executive session on plans for further procedure.

The senate chamber was crowded while the committee in open session attempted, from 7:30 to 9 p. m., to examine witnesses, and the action of witnesses caused demonstrations of diversion. The witnesses did not decline to tell the names of their counsel, and their replies showed that most eminent lawyers had been engaged in the case.

The charges of bribery were made by Representative Otis and the resolution in the house was adopted by only 54 affirmative votes, a majority of a quorum only. There are 109 members and any measure requiring the expenditure of money requires 55 affirmative votes, or a majority of all. As the house committee can not employ a stenographer or do anything else causing the expenditure of money, it is unable to proceed. The senate, by Senator Burke voting with the democrats, then adopted a resolution to investigate the charges. That body has 36 members and is a tie politically. By Burke voting in the affirmative, the resolution was adopted 19 to 17. These resolutions were offered in both bodies on the day of Senator Hanna's election. They were offered before any ballots were taken and were expected to cause a deadlock or a postponement of the election. It is not denied that the house has jurisdiction, but attorneys have told the witnesses that the senate has no jurisdiction and that they need not reply to their questions. The members of the house investigating committee were present on invitation Wednesday night and they were requested to ask questions, but none of them took any part. Judge Robertson, who has served with distinction on the bench at Cincinnati, is a member of the senate committee and is prosecutor. He wore himself out Wednesday night in asking questions and getting the monotonous reply, "On the advice of counsel I decline to answer."

Chairman Burke, Senators Lang and Finck did their best to draw out the witnesses but to no avail. After the four others took their turns, Senator Garfield would close each examination by asking: "Do you decline to answer questions because your attorneys say this committee has no jurisdiction in this case and has so advised you?"

The reply was in the affirmative and the witnesses were excused. Each witness was told that he was held under service by the committee and should report Thursday night at 7:30 or sooner if called for. Among the cases city is that of Daniel Dalton, who was subpoenaed in 1886 to bring forward tally sheets before a legislative committee. Dalton refused and was brought before the house for contempt. Dalton was subpoenaed to produce public records in his custody, and the witnesses Wednesday night claim they are asked to produce private property. As the committee will make a partial report to the senate Thursday a lively time is expected. The committee will ask the senate to punish the witnesses for contempt and to give the investigators full authority.

SPANISH TROOPS

Conspire to Overthrow Gen. Blanco and Compel Him to Leave Cuba.

KEY WEST, Fla., Jan. 20.—Havana is in tremendous excitement, caused by the news of a formidable conspiracy among the volunteers to overthrow Gen. Blanco. The conspiracy was discovered Monday morning by the chief of police, Col. Pagliari.

The plotters intended to start an armed revolt by the 20,000 volunteers now in Havana, and compel Gen. Blanco to leave the island, as they did Capt. Gen. Don Domingo Dulce in 1893.

A simultaneous assault was to be made on the forts surrounding Havana, especially on La Cabana, and the troops now stationed at the strategic points of the city were to be overpowered and compelled to surrender.

The success of the conspiracy was nearly assured by the complicity of many officers of the army, the sympathy of the Spanish regular infantry and of the military police with the volunteers and the rioters of the past week.

Gen. Blanco summoned to his palace all the colonels of the volunteers in Havana. A stormy scene ensued. Blanco threatened them with severe punishment for the crime of treason.

It is officially declared that "a spontaneous declaration of loyalty was made by the volunteers to the governor general, who is entirely satisfied."

THE RATES

To Alaska Advanced by the Several Transportation Companies.

SEATTLE, Wash., Jan. 20.—The expected advance in rates to Alaska was announced Wednesday. The several transportation companies who control nearly all the business have agreed on an increase of \$10 to the passenger rate between Puget sound points and Dyea and Skagway, and a proportionate increase to Juneau and other southeastern Alaska points.

The new rate to Dyea and Skagway, which goes into effect at once, is: First class, \$50; second class, \$35. The rate on freight is advanced from \$10 to \$13 per ton.

Bricklayers and Masons Meet.

PEORIA, Ill., Jan. 20.—At Wednesday's session of the Bricklayers' and Masons' International union an invitation from the local union to attend a banquet Wednesday night was accepted. Privileges of the convention were extended to Edward Carroll, president of the National Building council, and he will address the delegates. A speech is expected also from John B. Lennon, treasurer of the American Federation of Labor.

Asked for a Receiver.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Jan. 20.—B. A. Hullock, who owns nine shares of stock in the South & North railroad, has asked for a receiver of that road, alleging that the L. & N. road, which operates the South & North, is appropriating the property to its own use. The bill has been on file some time but was not made public before. Railroad officials here pay but little attention to the suit.

Chairman Hanna, of the executive committee of the monetary convention, has been notified that the chamber of commerce of Little Rock, Ark., had reconsidered its determination not to send delegates to the convention, and that it would be fully represented.

FIFTY-FIFTH CONGRESS.

First Regular Session.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14.—SENATE.—The senate did not make great progress with the Hawaiian annexation treaty Thursday. Several speeches were delivered, but those of the speakers announced that Thursday's remarks were merely preliminary to what they should say before the close of the debate. The executive session opened shortly after 1 o'clock with Senator White on the floor, but Senator Stewart interrupted and others cut the California senator out of the discussion. Those who spoke were Senators Stewart, Frye and Morgan.

HOUSE.—The house Thursday completed the consideration of the agricultural appropriation bill in committee of the whole and then adjourned upon the motion of those opposed to the printing of another edition of the famous "Horse book." There was the annual fight over the question of free seed distribution to the farmers, but the effort to strike out the appropriation (\$130,000) failed as usual; the majority against it Thursday being 316.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 15.—SENATE.—Almost the entire four hours of the executive session of the senate Friday were devoted to the indirect consideration of the nomination of Hon. Joseph McKenna, now attorney general, to be associate justice of the supreme court. The discussion was the result of an effort on the part of Senator Allen, of Nebraska (pop.), to secure a postponement of the vote. In the end a compromise was reached deferring consideration until a week from Friday, on the condition that the Nebraska senator should agree to allow a vote to be taken on that day. The Hawaiian treaty was not touched upon during the session. It was 4:30 in the afternoon before an agreement was reached for concluding the McKenna matter at the sitting on next Friday, and by general consent the senate postponed consideration of the Hawaiian treaty till Monday.

HOUSE.—It was the intention of the house managers to proceed with the diplomatic and consular appropriation bill Friday, but owing to the excited condition of affairs in Havana and the widely exaggerated reports about them, they decided to avoid the subject. A Cuban delegate to the committee on claims in charge of bills of the private creditor. Before this order was entered upon the agricultural bill was passed. Most of the day was consumed in the contest against a bill to prohibit publishing houses the Methodist Episcopal Church South, at Nashville, Tenn., \$288,000 for the seizure and use of the property of that corporation during the war.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—SENATE.—No business of importance in the senate Saturday.

HOUSE.—Bills introduced: Requiring that all employees on public works, aside from those under contractors, be engaged by the engineer in charge, the object being to go beyond government responsibility for the employment of labor, with which exception of farm laborers, eight hours shall constitute a day's work. The house devoted two hours to general debate on the army appropriation bill and the remainder of the day to the consideration of the bill to amend the late Representative Seth W. Milliken, of Maine, who served for 14 years in the lower branch of congress.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—SENATE.—The features of Monday's session were the speech delivered by Senator Wolcott, of Colorado, chairman of the bimetallic commission, upon the negotiations of the commission with European countries relative to international bimetallicism, and the passage of the Lodge bill restricting immigration. The latter bill was taken up and discussed until 1 o'clock, the hour at which, by previous agreement, it had been arranged to vote finally upon the amendments and the bill. The bill as passed provides that all immigrants physically capable and over 16 years of age shall be able to read or write the English language or some other language, but a person not able to read or write, who is over 50 years of age and is the parent or grandparent of a qualified immigrant over 21 years of age and capable of supporting a family, or a parent or grandparent may accompany the immigrant or the parent or grandparent may be sent for and come to join the family of the child or grand child over 21 years of age qualified under the law; and wife or minor child not able to read or write may accompany or be sent for and come to join the husband or parent who is qualified. The act does not apply to persons coming to the United States from the island of Cuba during the continuance of present disorders there who have heretofore been inhabitants of that island.

HOUSE.—Monday was District of Columbia day in the house; but only three bills of local importance were passed. The remainder of the session was devoted to further consideration of the army appropriation bill, which was completed.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—SENATE.—Tuesday's open session of the senate was brief. Practically the only business accomplished aside from the routine proceedings was the passing of the urgent deficiency appropriation bill. The measure as finally passed by the senate carries \$1,913,810. The Teller resolution providing that bonds of the United States may be paid in standard silver dollars was favorably reported by a majority of the senate committee and notice was given that it would be called up at an early date.

HOUSE.—Cuba had a hearing in the house Tuesday and for a time it looked as if parliamentary precedents would be set aside and the senate resolution regarding the Cuban belligerents would be attached as a rider to the diplomatic and consular appropriation bill. Mr. DeArmond, a Missouri democrat, precipitated the issue by offering the resolution as an amendment, but a point of order against it was sustained. Mr. DeArmond appealed. The chair was sustained by a vote of 152 to 114. Before the diplomatic bill came up the army bill was passed.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—SENATE.—A spirited debate was presented in the senate today by the introduction of a resolution by Mr. Hoar (Mass.), providing for an inquiry by the committee on post offices and post roads concerning the recent order of the postmaster general reducing the number of letter carriers in several cities of the country. Mr. Hoar's resolution that he would move Thursday to take up for consideration the Teller resolution reported by the finance committee providing that bonds of the United States may be paid in standard silver dollars.

HOUSE.—All day long the question of granting belligerent rights to the Cuban insurgents was argued in the house, but Tuesday the minority hurried itself against a stone wall. The only vote taken Wednesday was a motion designated to overrule the decision of the speaker and direct the committee on foreign affairs to report without further delay the Cuban resolution passed by the senate at the last session. The motion stood still and voted to sustain the chair.

British Battleship at Nagasaki.

YOKOHAMA, Jan. 20.—The British battleship Centurion, flagship of the British squadron in Chinese waters, has arrived at Nagasaki. The organ of the government reproaches Russia, Germany and France with following a selfish policy in the far east, and adds: "Japan will avoid alliances but she is prepared to act vigorously, if necessary, for the maintenance of peace."

The Jury Bill Defeated.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Jan. 20.—The house spent an hour discussing Mr. Macquett's bill making juries decide only the guilt or innocence of a defendant and leaving the judge to fix the penalty. It was badly defeated, however. The senate made Senator Goebel's bill, making employees, agents and corporations jointly responsible in an action for damages, a special order for Thursday and adjourned.

The house adopted the senate resolution for the purchase of 400 state manuals and shortly after adjourned Thursday.

WARSHIP MAINE

Ordered to Join North Atlantic Squadron at Key West—Petition From the Southern Pacific Railroad Co. Denied.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—Secretary Bliss has denied the petition of the Southern Pacific Railroad Co. for a suspension of that portion of department decision in the case of the Union Oil Co., wherein it was held under a recent decision of the supreme court that the railroad company could not make indemnity selection of lands within the fortified limits of the grant to the Atlantic & Pacific Co. In effect, the action of the secretary directs the restoration to public entry of the lands in conflicting limits of the grants to the two railroad companies.

Gen. Christopher Colon Auger, United States army, retired, was buried with military honors at Arlington Wednesday afternoon. Funeral services were held at St. John's church, the remains being borne on a caisson draped with the flag under which he had fought through two wars and a score of Indian campaigns. The religious services at the church were performed by Rev. J. Mackay Smith.

Gen. Lee cabled the state department at 2:41 o'clock Wednesday afternoon that all was quiet at Havana. He also reported that the decree issued November 4 last admitting free imported cattle into Cuba until January 18 has been extended until March 10, 1898, under the same conditions contained in the first decree.

Orders were Wednesday telegraphed to Capt. Sigbee, of the Maine, at Key West, to join the North Atlantic squadron for drills and maneuvers when Adm. Sigsbee passes Key West on the way to Tortugas harbor. It is expected that the whole squadron will be near Key West by Thursday, and a good deal of powder will be burned in drills near there.

Senator Morgan continued his speech in advocacy of the ratification of the Hawaiian annexation treaty in the executive session of the senate Wednesday. He announced at the conclusion of Wednesday's session that he probably would require one day in which to complete his presentation of the subject. Senator Morgan dealt Wednesday with the questions of the agricultural and commercial possibilities of the islands, with the character of the present government and with the position of the residents of the island on the subject of annexation.

Mr. Williams, of Mississippi, introduced a resolution in the house Wednesday to provide for a minister of the United States to Cuba as follows:

"Resolved, That there be and is hereby appropriated out of the moneys in the treasury of the United States not otherwise appropriated the sum of \$5,000 to pay the salary for one year of an envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary to the republic of Cuba."

It was referred to the foreign affairs committee.

He also introduced another bill for a commission to negotiate a treaty of peace, amity and commerce between the United States and Cuba.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—The senate



CHARLES PAGE BRYAN.

committee on foreign relations Wednesday authorized a favorable report upon the nomination of Hon. C. P. Bryan to be minister to Brazil and upon that of Hon. E. H. Conger, who is transferred from Brazil to China. No opposition has developed to Mr. Bryan's appointment to Brazil.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—Mr. Brucker (dem., Mich.) presented a resolution in the house Wednesday instructing the committee on foreign affairs to report without delay the senate Cuban belligerency resolution. It was ruled out on a point of order. An appeal was taken. Appeal was then laid on the table on a ye and nay vote, 168-125.

There was no manifestation of approval on the announcement of the vote. The house then, on Mr. Hitt's motion, went into committee of the whole and resumed the consideration of the diplomatic and consular appropriation bill. As soon as the first paragraph was read the struggle was resumed. Mr. Williams (dem., Miss.) offered an amendment to direct the president to appoint three commissioners to proceed to Cuba and, if possible, negotiate a treaty of peace, amity and commerce with the republic of Cuba and appropriating \$15,000 for defraying the expenses of the commissioners. It was ruled out of order.

Civil Engineers Meet.

NEW YORK, Jan. 20.—The 45th annual meeting of the American Society of Civil Engineers was begun in this city Wednesday. Benjamin W. Harrod, of New Orleans, presided.

British Steamer Founders.

BELFAST, Jan. 20.—The British steamer Herbert, hailing from Leith has foundered on the County Down coast, about six miles from Gannisland. The captain was saved, but it is believed the other members of the crew, numbering seven, were lost.

Butterworth's Funeral.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—The funeral of the late Benjamin Butterworth occurred here Wednesday. The body was placed in a vault. It will be removed either to Cincinnati or Warren county, O.

KENTUCKY LEGISLATURE

Regular Session.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Jan. 14.—SENATE.—New bills presented: To abolish the office of register of land office and to consolidate it with the secretary of state; to protect unoccupied houses. (Moves it a misdemeanor for any person to occupy an untenanted house without permission from the owner.) For the benefit of farm laborers. (Gives said laborers a lien for their labor on crops, superior to all other liens, except the lien of the owner.) The governor sent in the following appointments, which were referred to the committee on charitable institutions: John L. Long, to be superintendent of the feeble-minded institute, vice J. P. Huff, resigned; Porter Prather, to be first assistant physician at Eastern asylum, vice John Long, resigned; Cassius D. Mansfield, to be second assistant physician at same asylum, and Louise Bergman, to be third assistant physician at same place.

RESOLUTIONS introduced: Asking Kentucky congressmen to favor a bill prohibiting the appropriation of money for the relief or benefit of any individual or association except in case of absolute destitution or suffering. (Lies over; requesting that the drawn to amend the constitution so that United States senators shall be elected by the people. Lies over; requesting Kentucky congressmen to urge the passage of a bill by congress to prohibit the licensing of whisky traffic in local option districts. Lies over; requesting Kentucky congressmen to favor the passage of the anti-sealing bill. Lies over; providing that the senate and house committees on penitentiaries investigate the management, working and contracts of the Frankfort and Eddyville prisons. Friday Representative Chinn, of Mercer, will present a new bill providing that all banks that do not file an acceptance of the ad valorem tax system for state, county and city taxes by a certain time will have their charters repealed.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Jan. 15.—SENATE.—The senate committee on charitable institutions decided Friday night to report favorably on all the governor's appointments for the asylums, except that of Dr. B. F. Porter, who was appointed to be third assistant physician at the Lakeland asylum. Porter is a Negro, and the committee was unanimous in its report that his appointment ought not to be confirmed. Eight new bills were introduced.

Fifty-four new bills were introduced in the house Friday. The house committee on criminal law, at its meeting decided to recommend the passage of the bill of Representative Tracy, of Covington, defining the offense of "embezzlement." The bill practically makes a breach of trust an embezzlement, and all kinds of employees, including clerks, book-keepers and others, are to be construed as guilty if they commit a breach of trust.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Jan. 18.—SENATE.—Among the first and second classes the following: Changing the time of holding circuit court in Jackson county; to change the boundaries of the Eighth and Eleventh congressional districts. (Takes Jackson county out of the Eighth and puts it in the Eleventh and takes Casey county out of the Eleventh and puts it in the Eighth.) To amend Section 1182, Subdivision 5, Article 3, Chapter 36, Kentucky statutes. (Changes the penalty for certain offenses from one to five years to one to 15 years.) Amending the code of the court of appeals on law clerk each for two years, so that said clerks shall be permanent officers. The house resolution requesting Kentucky's congressmen to help pass a bill amending the internal revenue laws so that a government license can not be used as a liquor seller in a local option district was concurred in by the senate.

HOUSE.—Bills reported favorably: Empowering the trustees of sixth-class towns to pay police judges a salary; concerning the competency of witnesses and permitting husband and wife to testify for or against each other in divorce proceedings was combined with another bill by the committee into a substitute embodying the main features of both, and the substitute reported favorably: inflicting a more severe penalty for stealing a hog of \$4 value or more than \$100; Mr. Perkins' bill to repeal section 1182 of Kentucky statutes; empowering an officer taking depositions to prevent the putting of insulting or unnecessary questions; for the exclusion of witnesses from the courtroom during the trial of cases.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Jan. 19.—Mr. Henderson, of Caldwell county, introduced a bill in the house Tuesday morning prohibiting Sunday baseball. The bill, however, excepts cities of the first and second class. Mr. Humphreys, of Lexington, sent in one to abolish the office of commonwealth's attorney. Mr. Hobbs, of Lexington, one amending second class city charters relating to city clerks, reduces his official bond from \$30,000 to \$10,000; also, an act requiring the appointment of at least one woman physician in the insane asylums. Mr. Tracy, of Covington, introduced a bill amending second class charters so as to provide that where property owners who fail to improve streets, after due notice, the street superintendent shall do the work and the cost shall be against the property. Mr. Trimble introduced an act requiring street car companies to equip their cars with vestibules. The house killed the resolution to provide for laying copies of the Louisville silver organ daily on desks of members. The judiciary committee reported favorably the bill to abolish the office of register of lands, and it was advanced. The bill to abolish the office of county jailer was killed by an adverse report. Mr. Charlton, of Louisville, introduced a bill creating a state bureau of labor. It provides also for an assistant commissioner, two factory inspectors and clerks. Also act convict labor. The house accepted the A. & M. college limitation, and both branches of the legislature will go on the Lexington street Friday.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Jan. 20.—SENATE.—Action was taken on the following bills Wednesday: The bill declaring domesticated deer to be property was passed; the bill incorporating into the charter for four years the classification of labor. It provides also for an assistant commissioner, two factory inspectors and clerks. Also act convict labor. The house accepted the A. & M. college limitation, and both branches of the legislature will go on the Lexington street Friday.

HOUSE.—The senate resolution providing for the purchase of 400 copies of the State Manual was passed. The book contains the rules of the house and senate and much valuable statistical information about Kentucky. The house committee reported the following bills: To abolish the state board of education; no expression of opinion, but ordered to second reading; increasing the amount where an appeal can be taken to court of appeals from \$100 to \$200; authorizing sheriffs to collect school taxes where there is no county treasurer. Favorable report: repealing the law authorizing state guards to be sent to quell mobs. Favorable report: to prevent killing of quail for five years. Adverse report, but ordered advanced anyhow: making it unlawful for individuals or corporations to discriminate against labor by organizations. Favorable report: bill providing a dollar tax on dogs. Adverse report and killed.

Charged With Robbery.

GEORGETOWN, Ky., Jan. 20.—Ed Cox and W. E. Young, of Lexington, were arrested in that city Wednesday for robbing J. W. Webber, of Franklin county, of \$160 in this city Monday night. Webber was badly beaten up. The men were brought to Georgetown.

Exciting Chase After a Negro.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Jan. 20.—Lieut. Wickham and Officers Moran and Hepp had an exciting chase after Jno. Woods, a Negro, about 5 o'clock Wednesday morning. When the Negro was caught eight pistols, three watches and a razor were found on his person.

PERSONAL AND IMPERSONAL.

—Michael Angelo's poems have just been published by Prof. Frey, of Berlin, the first complete and authentic edition ever issued. He had access to the family archives, which had been closed to scholars.

—Women in France have just secured a slight addition to their legal rights. They may henceforth be valid witnesses to registration of births, marriages and deaths, and to the signatures in legal documents.

—A European has been sentenced at Bulawayo to six years' imprisonment with hard labor for defrauding the natives of their cattle. He pretended to be a government inspector, and seized the cattle for supposed violations of law.

—Maj. Gen. Bengough, of the British army, who died recently, became famous in India for a divisional order commanding the medical staff to pare the corns and cut the toe nails of the men, in order to improve the marching efficiency of the division.

—Mrs. McKinley, wife of the president, contributed a pair of slippers, made by herself, to a recent bazaar held in Washington by the union of Methodist churches. She has already given 3,600 such pairs of slippers to religious and benevolent enterprises.

—Mildred Howells, the daughter of William D. Howells, once the "Little Girl Among the Old Masters," has developed into a real artist, and contributes a set of clever drawings to accompany some Christmas meditations of her father's in Harper's Weekly.

WONDERFUL WISCONSIN WELLS.

Strange Natural Phenomena That Eclipse the Great Geysers.

The great geysers of the west are no more wonderful phenomena than are the "blowing" or "whistling" wells in Wisconsin.

These wells have been developed in the northern part of the town of Eureka and in the southern part of the town of Sterling in Polk county, west of Cumberland. There are six of these phenomenal wells, ranging in depth from 120 to 160 feet. Most remarkable of all is one in Eureka. This well is 120 feet deep and was dug 15 years ago. The first 20 feet is hardpan and the balance gravel.

Before a storm the wind blows out of this well with great force, making a roaring sound that can be heard a great distance. This wind is so hot that water placed over the well will boil. The current blows out only before a storm, and the severity and duration of the storm is always in exact proportion to the force of this current and its duration before the storm commences. It is, therefore, an accurate and absolutely reliable barometer, as it foretells a change from cold to hot, or vice versa, with equal accuracy, but remains quiet in settled weather, no matter what the temperature. In winter a current of air is drawn in before a change of weather, just as forcibly as it blows out in hot weather. This current of air will freeze the water 120 feet from the surface of the earth more quickly than it would at the surface, and though many attempts have been made to use a pump in it, they have all failed, and a number of pumps of different makes have been destroyed by the water freezing and bursting the cylinders and pipes.

Some years ago a house was built over this well, and a stove placed in it so that it could be heated intensely hot, but, strange as it may seem, this did not prevent the water from freezing and bursting pipes 115 feet from the surface, and though there are but 15 or 20 inches of water in the well in winter, ice freezes several inches in thickness in spite of all preventives. Windmills have been tried with the same disastrous results. A windlass and buckets have also been tried, but the water freezes over so thick in one night that a heavy stone dropped from the surface will not break the ice. The temperature at the bottom of this well is so much colder than it is at the surface that it is extremely dangerous for anyone to venture into it. In winter the heavy downward current before a storm or change of weather will cause the water to lower, while in summer the outward current causes the water to rise—sometimes 15 or 20 feet. The curbing in this well is always dry and the water of good quality.

The other five wells referred to, which resemble this in almost every particular, are all located within the radius of about one mile, and vary in depth from about 130 to 160 feet. Some of the characteristics are not so pronounced as in the well described, while others are even more remarkable. Within half a mile of these wells water is obtained at a depth of from ten to thirty feet, and the wells exhibit none of these unusual or diabolical features.

Edible Oils.

In Egypt and the Soudan, in India and all through the east an enormous trade is carried on in vegetable oils, which take the place of our butter and margarine products. One of the principal edible oils is obtained from the ground nut, known in France as "arachide oil." Over 1,000,000 hundred-weight of these nuts are annually imported into that country for its production. Belgium also takes vast quantities. Arachide oil is an excellent soap maker, besides being an edible oil, and when cotton oil is high in price will compete well with it in this branch of industry. In Europe alone there is already a very large consumption of it, to be counted in tens of thousands of tons.—Chicago Chronicle.

Another Name for It.

"Your remarks are ill-timed," said the landlady to the frivolous boarder: "You should remember that there is a time for everything."

"Yes," replied the boarder, "and I guess this is the time; but I never did care for hash."—Chicago Daily News.

Royal makes the food pure, wholesome and delicious.



ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

THE BOURBON NEWS.

[Seventeenth Year—Established 1881.]

Published every Tuesday and Friday by

WALTER CHAMP, Editors and Owners.
BRUCE MILLER,

Make all Checks, Money Orders, etc., payable to the order of CHAMP & MILLER.

ADVERTISING RATES.
Displays, one dollar per inch for first insertion; half rates each insertion thereafter.
Locals, or reading notices, ten cents per line each insertion. Locals in black type, twenty cents per line each insertion.
Fractions of lines count as full lines when running at line rates.
Obituaries, cards of thanks, calls on candidates, resolutions of respect and matter of a like nature, ten cents per line.
Special rates given for large advertisements and yearly cards.

The Legislature.

AMONG the bills that have been favorably reported are acts to give landlords the right to remove tenants after five days notice; to raise the age of consent in females to eighteen years; to empower boarding house keepers to sell baggage for board bills; to regulate the pay of special judges; to prohibit school trustees from being pecuniarily interested in school house repairs.

Among the bills introduced Tuesday were acts to abolish the office of Commonwealth's Attorney and relegating duties of said office to County Attorney; to prohibit tollgate keepers from keeping a dog; to prohibit Sunday ball playing; to prevent driving of ducks, geese, turkeys, etc., along public roadway without being branded; act creating a Bureau of Labor, defining its duties and appropriating money for its maintenance. Also an act to regulate the convict labor system in this State, proposing to abolish the contract system and put the convicts to work at those avocations that will supply their wants and expenses.

An act to repeal the separate coach bill has been killed.

A resolution to have the official proceedings of the Legislature published in the Louisville Dispatch was defeated Tuesday by a vote of 49 to 42—not all of the Democrats voting. The resolution, which was offered by Morgan Chinn, may be called up again.

Wednesday the Senate passed Senator J. M. Thomas' bill declaring domesticated deer to be property; also the substitute to Elmore's bill giving Councilmen of fourth-class cities management of electric plants and water-works. It gives Councils of these cities the same power as those of third class cities.

The Courier-Journal Wednesday said "During the greater part of the afternoon the Hon. John T. Hinton, of Bourbon, occupied the chair, Speaker Beckham having vacated for about the first time this session Mr. Hinton handled the gavel with credit, and is a splendid presiding officer in every respect."

The bill to prohibit the killing of quail for a period of five years in Kentucky was favorably reported to the House.

Representative Hobbs, of Lexington, has drawn up a Capital appropriation bill which will probably be introduced next week. It provides for a 2 per cent tax until the sum of \$100,000 is raised.

A bill introduced in the Senate provides that hereafter the State Librarian elected shall be a male citizen.

Awarded
Highest Honors—World's Fair,
DR.

PRICE'S
CREAM
BAKING
POWDER
MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.
40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

The Kentucky Press.

The Georgetown Times appears this week in a pretty new dress, trimmed *ala mode* with fresh news paragraphs of all varieties.

Hanly Ragan, a clever Mt. Sterling man who has been sporting editor of the Louisville Dispatch, has accepted a similar position on the Louisville Commercial.

Major Dan Runyon, a Mexican war veteran and formerly editor of the Lee Stock Record, was found dead in his bed at Lexington Tuesday. Death resulted from apoplexy. He was a genial gentleman whose friends were legion.

THE reason for all the failures, panics, strikes, plagues, wars, etc., that occurred in 1897 has been discovered. The year came in on unlucky Friday. As the New Year escaped it by one day lookout for prosperity and peace and plenty of both.

THE birthday of Gen. Robert E. Lee was appropriately celebrated in many places in Kentucky and the South Wednesday.

It is hoped that the fluctuations in the wheat market this year will not go against the farmer's grain.

MAYOR GARNER, of Winchester, will be a candidate for Congress from the Tenth district.

THE Legislature may attend the christening of the battleship Kentucky.

SCINTILLATIONS.

An Interesting Jumble of News And Comment.

The Fayette Fiscal Court has decided to build a \$150,000 fire proof court house in Lexington.

Mrs. Thos. Lane (Lucile Blackburn), who accidentally shot herself, at Washington, will recover.

While on a jag in Georgetown J. W. Webber, of Franklin, was robbed of \$160 by two strangers.

After reading of the accidental shooting of Senator Blackburn's daughter, Miss Harriet Owens, one of Mason's most estimable young ladies, shot herself through the right temple, dying three hours later. Miss Owens had been in ill health for some time.

Burglars at Mt. Sterling stole \$500 worth of jewelry and \$20 in money from the home of N. H. Trimble, while the latter was at church. The Racket Store and D. R. Henderson's drug store in Georgetown were burglarized Monday night. They secured \$225, 500 cigars, a \$50 watch, brushes, combs, mirrors, pocket-books, perfumes, tooth-brushes and even took patent medicines.

GOSSIPY PARAGRAPHS.

Theatrical And Otherwise—Remarks In The Foyer.

"THE NEW DOMINION."
Next Saturday night, the 29th, Mr. Clay Clement, the sterling American actor, will appear at the Paris, Grand Opera House in his charming and beautiful play "The New Dominion." Dramatic critics in a hundred cities have declared this play to be the most delightful of recent stage productions, and in the editorial columns (a rare occurrence) of the leading city daily newspapers Mr. Clement has been highly praised for his charming work as "Baron Hohenstauffen." The play, which was written by Mr. Clement, is pure and chaste and contains not an offending line. Mr. Clement will be supported by an excellent company including Miss Karra Kenwyn, Mr. Jeffrey Williams and other well known persons. The performance will be the dramatic and social event of the season at the opera house.

Ellen Beach Yaw, the famous high note soprano, is in Paris studying music.

Mrs. Ogden Mills and Mrs. Henry Sloane, New York society leaders, have reduced Ward McAllister's 400 list to 75.

Mabel Paige, who was here at the head of a 10-20-30 cent company, now has a small part in "A Stranger in New York."

Mrs. Nellie R. Goodwin has secured a divorce from Nat Goodwin, the comedian, who must pay her \$75 per week alimony.

The performance of "Half a King" Monday night at the Lexington opera house by Francis Wilson and his company will be a notable event.

The Elk Lodge at Grand Rapids, Mich., bought 400 seats to the Clay Clement performance in that city on New Year's night. After a splendid banquet given to Mr. Clement, he was initiated into the order. Just what they did to him probably will never be known outside the brotherhood, but it is a significant fact that the part of Hohenstauffen was taken by Mr. Clement's understudy at the two following performances.

TENDER white California asparagus and asparagus tips, at McDermott & Spears.

General Debility and Loss of Flesh

Scott's Emulsion has been the standard remedy for nearly a quarter of a century. Physicians readily admit that they obtain results from it that they cannot get from any other flesh-forming food.

There are many other preparations on the market that pretend to do what

SCOTT'S EMULSION

does, but they fail to perform it. The pure Norwegian Cod-liver Oil made into a delightful cream, skillfully blended with the Hypophosphites of Lime and Soda, which are such valuable tonics, makes this preparation an ideal one and checks the wasting tendency, and the patient almost immediately commences to put on flesh and gain a strength which surprises them.



Be sure you get SCOTT'S Emulsion. See that the man and fish are on the wrapper.

50c. and \$1.00, all druggists.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

W. S. Anderson,

Of Peck, P. O., Pike Co., O., Recommends Wright's Celery Capsules.

Gentle:—I have purchased a box of Wright's Celery Capsules from James T. Blaser, druggist, Waverly, O., and used them for stomach trouble and constipation. I was unable to do anything for nearly two years. I used three boxes of your Celery Capsules and they have cured me. For the benefit of others so afflicted I wish to send this letter.

Very truly yours,
W. S. Anderson.
Sold by all druggists at 50c. and \$1.00 per box. Send address on postal to the Wright Med. Co., Columbus, O., for trial size, free.

MRS. LAURA WEISHAUF.

Of Murry, Ind., Recommends Wright's Celery Capsules.

Murry, Ind., Sept. 17, 1896.

THE WRIGHT MEDICAL CO., Columbus, Ohio.

DEAR SIR:—Last spring I purchased a box of Wright's Celery Capsules from L. C. Davenport, druggist, Bluffton, Ind., and used them for stomach trouble with which I had been afflicted for more than 15 years. Since taking your Capsules I have lost all trace of pain and my stomach is entirely well. I can eat anything and can truthfully say that I have not felt better in years.

Yours Respectfully,
MRS. LAURA WEISHAUF.
Sold by W. T. Brooks at 50c. and \$1.00 per box. Send address on postal to the Wright Med. Co., Columbus, Ohio, for trial size, free.

HOW TO FIND OUT.

Fill a bottle or even a glass with urine and let it stand two or three hours. A deposit or settling in the bottom is a sure indication of the kidneys. When urine stands, then it is evidence of kidney trouble. The frequent desire to urinate or pain in the back, is also convincing proof that the kidneys and bladder are out of order.

There is comfort in the knowledge so often expressed, that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy, fulfills every wish in relieving pain in the back, kidneys, liver, bladder and every part of the urinary passages. It corrects liability to hold urine and scalding pain in passing it, or bad effects following use of liquor, wine or beer, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to get up many times during the night to urinate. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Swamp-Root is so realized, it stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. If you need a medicine you should have the best. Sold by druggists, price fifty cents and one dollar. You may have a sample bottle and pamphlet sent free by mail. Mention The Paris (Ky.) News and send your address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. The proprietors of this paper guarantee the genuineness of this offer. (24-p-1mo)

THE DANGER

to which the Expectant Mother is exposed and the foreboding and dread with which she looks forward to the hour of woman's severest trial is appreciated by but few. All effort should be made to smooth these rugged places in life's pathway for her, ere she presses to her bosom her babe.

MOTHER'S FRIEND

allays Nervousness, and so assists Nature that the change goes forward in an easy manner, without such violent protest in the way of Nausea, Headache, Etc. Gloomy forebodings yield to cheerful and hopeful anticipations—she passes through the ordeal quickly and without pain—is left strong and vigorous and enabled to joyously perform the high and holy duties now devolved upon her. Safety to life of both is assured by the use of "Mother's Friend," and the time of recovery shortened.

"I know one lady, the mother of three children, who suffered greatly in the birth of each, who obtained a bottle of 'Mother's Friend' of me before her fourth confinement, and was relieved quickly and easily. All agree that their labor was shorter and less painful."
JOHN G. POLHILL, Macon, Ga.

\$1.00 PER BOTTLE at all Drug Stores, or sent by mail on receipt of price.
Containing invaluable information of interest to all women; will be sent to any address upon application, by THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., ATLANTA, GA.

DR. CALDWELL'S
SYRUP PEPSIN
CURES INDIGESTION.

Adulterated Flour.

It is now generally acknowledged that many unscrupulous millers mix corn flour, corn starch, and the refuse of sugar refineries with their flour in order to enhance their profits. Some of these ingredients are positively injurious as food, and contain no nutritive properties whatsoever. We do not wish as yet to mention names, but it has been proved by competent analysis that more than one mill selling flour in Paris has been detected in selling blended flour.

We unhesitatingly guarantee that every sack of flour, of whatever grade, that goes from our mill is pure wheaten product. Our mill is open to inspection at any time and we have no machinery for making blended flour as many mills have.

If you want to be sure that you are buying good, pure, wholesome flour, buy that made by us which is sold by all leading grocers.

PARIS MILLING CO.

A Good Memory

often saves money and also good health. If you are troubled with constipation, indigestion or any form of stomach trouble remember to take home a bottle of Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin and health will be restored to you. Trial sizes 10c. (6 doses 10c) large size 50c. and \$1.00. W. T. Brooks, druggist, Paris, Ky. (Jan.-m)

DAVIS, THOMPSON & ISGRIG are offering surprising bargains in men's and boy's stylish shoes. The prices are right. (tf)

Wright's Celery Capsules cure constipation, sick headache, etc.

THE Northwestern Mutual life has paid to representatives of its policyholders and to its policyholders, and is now holding for them, \$180,000,000, an excess over premium receipts of over \$30,000,000. (tf)

To Cure A Cold In One Day.

TAKE Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c. For sale by W. T. Brooks and James Kennedy, Paris, Ky.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure

Cures a Prominent Attorney.



M. R. C. PHELPS, the leading pension attorney of Belfast, N. Y., writes: "I was discharged from the army on account of ill health, and suffered from heart trouble ever since. I frequently had fainting and smothering spells. My form was bent as a man of 80. I constantly wore an overcoat, even in summer, for fear of taking cold. I could not attend to my business. My rest was broken by severe pains about the heart and left shoulder. Three years ago I commenced using Dr. Miles' Heart Cure, notwithstanding I had used so much patent medicine and taken drugs from doctors for years without being helped. Dr. Miles' Heart Cure restored me to health. It is truly a wonderful medicine and it affords me much pleasure to recommend this remedy to everyone."

Dr. Miles' Remedies are sold by all druggists under a positive guarantee, first bottle benefits or money refunded. Book on diseases of the heart and nerves free. Address, DR. MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

OPTICIAN

L. H. Landman, M. D.,
Of No. 508 W. Ninth Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

Will be at the Windsor Hotel, Paris, Ky.,
TUESDAY, FEB. 8TH, 1898,

returning every second Tuesday in each month.

Optician Landman has been visiting this city regularly for over five years, and has adjusted glasses to the eyes of the best people of Paris and Bourbon County, and has proven himself competent, thorough, reliable and honest.

You can get Landman's glasses from Clark & Clay's drug store, between his visits, and when he makes his regular visit he will examine your eyes thoroughly and make any change necessary to give satisfaction. Examination free.

REFERENCES.—Drs. W. & J. Fithian Eads, Buck, Fithian & Bowen, and C. D. Cram, of Paris.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE
PATENTS
TRADE MARKS
DESIGNS
COPYRIGHTS & C.

Anyone sending a sketch and description quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Huns & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, \$5 a year; four months, \$2. Sold by all newsdealers. MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York. Branch Office, 22 F St., Washington, D. C.



My aim is to SELL you the best goods at the lowest possible prices. Your object is to BUY the best goods you can for the money you have to spend. So you see our interests are identical. I will guarantee to save you money on anything in the house-furnishing line.

The reason I can do this is because I have no big rent to pay, because I pay cash for my goods and because I buy from the factories.

SPRING CARPETS now in. You are cordially invited to examine prices, patterns and qualities.

Elegant line of 1898

WALL PAPERS.

Full line of

BED ROOM SUITES, FOLDING BEDS, from \$25 up, full size, upright, large glass. Elegant line of **SIDE BOARDS, White Enameled and Brass Beds**

at prices that can not be duplicated.

Buy from the dealer who is at a small expense—not the one paying big rents and who has to charge big prices.

Respectfully,

J. T. HINTON,

Wood Mantels and Tilings. Undertaking and Embalming scientifically attended to.

FRESH GROCERY STOCK. NEWT. MITCHELL, THE POPULAR GROCER,

Is daily displaying an extra choice line of Special Fancy groceries, etc. Below is mentioned some of the standard and select stock. If you want good goods, you will find just that sort at my store. I will be pleased to fill your order and assure you the very best goods to be had.

EVAPORATED FRUITS: Peaches, Prunes, Apricots, Pears.

Chambray, French Peas, Cherry Salmon Sardines

Pearl Hominy, Rice, Oat Meal, Rolled Oats.

Olives, Capers, Chow Chow, Tabasco Sauce.

Edam Cheese, N. Y. Cream Cheese, Pineapple Cheese.

Imported Macaroni, Domestic Macaroni

Pure Buckwheat Flour. Mince meat. Pure Maple Syrup.

Nancamp Pork and Beans. Nancamp Tomato Catsup.

Choice Celery. Baltimore Oysters.

ISGRIG TURKEYS.

Finest Chocolate Candies. Mixed and Stick Candies.

Almonds, Pecans, Filberts, Cream Nuts.

Loose Muscatel Raisins. London Layer Raisins. Seedless Raisins.

Citron, Figs, Dates.

NEWTON MITCHELL, THE GROCER,

Main St., adjoining Northern Bank. - - - - - PARIS, KY.

GEO. W. DAVIS GO TO Buck and Bill's Barber Shop

—DEALER IN— Furniture, Window Shades, Oil Cloths, Carpets, Mattresses, Etc.

Special attention given to Undertaking and Repairing. MAIN STREET, - - - - - PARIS, KY.

New Laundry Agency.

I HAVE secured the agency for the Winchester Power Laundry—a first-class institution—and solicit a share of the public patronage. Work or orders left at Clarke & Clay's drug-store will receive immediate attention. Work called for and delivered promptly. Respectfully, BRUCE HOLLADAY.

For first-class work. Three first-class barbers. All work done strictly first-class. Next door to Bourbon Bank. (4nov-tf)

Telephones For Sale. Two good telephones, good for distance of 500 miles. Will sell cheap. Can be used in the country. Apply The News office for particulars. (2t)

THE BOURBON NEWS.

[Seventeenth Year—Established 1881.]

[Entered at the Post-office at Paris, Ky., as second-class mail matter.]

TELEPHONE NO. 124.

SUBSCRIPTION PRICES.

[Payable in Advance.]

One year.....\$2.00 Six months.....\$1.00
NEWS COSTS: YOU CAN'T EVEN GET A REPORT FROM A GUN FREE OF CHARGE.

Make all Checks, Money Orders, Etc., payable to the order of CHAMP & MILLER.

A GOOD story begins to day on page six.

THE Paris Distilling Company's new \$30,000 distillery has started up.

THE hearing of the Thomas Hutchcraft will case has been set for February 15th.

TO LOAN—\$3,500. Will lend in sums of \$1,000 and upwards. Address F., THE NEWS office. (2t)

READ, on page six, 'The Exploits of Brigadier Gerard'—a good story—begun in to-day's NEWS.

DAVIS, THOMPSON & ISGRIG have in school-children's shoes extra good values for very little money. Try them.

J. W. FERGUSON, JR., Elliott Buckner, Frank Williams and Clell Turney have gone to Florida on a hunting trip.

We are offering some choice ladies', misses, and children's shoes at special prices. Don't fail to take advantage of the offer.

DAVIS, THOMPSON & ISGRIG.

COLLECTOR ROBERTS has placed twelve Republicans on duty as storekeepers and gaugers in this district. A great many distilleries have started during the last ten days and with the close of last week the roster of the revenue office was exhausted.

THE round-trip rate from Paris to Newport News, to the launching of the battleship Kentucky, will be twelve dollars. Persons can leave Paris at 11:05 a. m. and arrive at Newport News next morning at 11:05. The date of the launching has not yet been announced.

JUDGE W. M. PURNELL and attorneys S. B. Rogers and J. M. McVey yesterday sold a house and lot in Millersburg to Geo. McDonald, for a private price. The house formerly belonged to Ben Bradley, who conveyed it to them in payment for their services in defending him at his trial for the murder of his wife. Bradley gave his wife poison in an apple, and was sent to the penitentiary for life.

New Steam Laundry.

C. E. REED, a practical laundryman, and J. H. Haggard, carriage manufacturer, have formed a partnership to conduct a first-class steam laundry, and are now fitting up a plant in the third story of Mr. Haggard's carriage factory on corner of Fourth and High streets.

Don't miss the good story on sixth page.

Free Pikes in Neighboring Counties.

The Montgomery Fiscal Court has bought seven miles of the Maysville & Mt. Sterling pikes for \$13,073.

The Georgetown Times says that many of Scott county's free turnpikes are in fearful condition, some being but little better than mud roads, and predicts that travelers may yet find that there are worse things than tollgates.

Boxing Contest.

LOUIS HELLER and Kid Lefebvre are both in active training for their fifteen round go at the Paris opera house next Thursday night. The boxers are evenly matched and an exceedingly lively contest is expected. Eddie Parker and Warren Brooks, the local boxers, are also training hard for their fifteen round contest on the same night. They recently boxed a draw contest, and will put a good argument. There will also be another contest between local men.

New Fiscal Court Committees.

JUDGE W. M. PURNELL has appointed the following committees for the Bourbon Fiscal Court:

Finance—R. J. Neely, Chairman, H. C. Smith and E. P. Claybrook.

Jail—A. C. Ball, Chairman, J. T. Barlow and P. S. See.

County Infirmary—John Howard, Chairman, S. L. Weathers and H. C. Smith.

Charities—J. T. Barlow, Chairman, P. S. See and S. L. Weathers.

Turnpikes—H. C. Smith, Chairman, A. C. Ball and E. P. Claybrook.

DUFFY's pure apple cider, at McDermott & Spears.

New crop currents, raisins, citron peaches, prunes, apricots, hony, oat meal, rolled oats.

NEWTON MITCHELL.

THE Northwestern is carrying nearly \$1,000,000 insurance on the lives of Bourbon County's representative citizens. Call on R. P. Dow, Jr., for particulars. (260c-8t)

EVERYTHING new and fresh—no old stale groceries at McDermott & Spears.

Federation of Paris Clubs Proposed.

THERE will be a joint meeting of all the Literary Clubs of Paris, and of the Paris Music Club, and Daughters of the Revolution, held Friday night at the residence of Mrs. Minnie Wilson, on High street. The purpose is to form a city federation of all these clubs, for their larger fellowship and for greater profit to the community. The several clubs will continue their special lines of work but by federating them it is hoped to unite upon a work of practical value to Paris in the future. The program at the meeting to-night will consist of music, furnished by members of the Paris Music club; papers by Mrs. J. Kennedy and Mr. Albert Hinton, and an address by Mrs. Ida W. Harrison, of Lexington. All members of the organizations mentioned are invited to be present.

Engagements of Auctioneer A. T. Forsyth.

Jan. 22—Sheriff's sale, land, near Little Rock.

Jan. 25—C. Arnsperger, Admr. of Thos. Rorer, stock, crop, etc., near Paris.

Jan. 27—Lee Cox, house and lot, near Elizabeth.

Feb. 1—J. T. Pritchard, farm, stock and furniture.

Feb. 7—Master Commissioner, land sales, etc.

Feb. 16—C. M. Thomas, admr. of Geo. Thomas, land, stock, crop, etc.

Advertised Letter List.

List of letters remaining unclaimed in Paris, Ky., postoffice, Jan. 21, 1898.

Amos, Horace McGowan, Martha
Ayers, Anderson Norman, Scott
Bedford, Sam Oliver, Luther
Borden, S. E. Price, W. H.
Borner, Mrs. Losie Redman, Ana
Carter, Maggie Rice, Tom
Clayburn, Carrie Rowland, Frank A.
Coonan, Wm. Robertson, Geo. T.
Cornelius Rowland, F. A.
Clay, S. P. Swartz, J. B.
Davis, Flora Slaker, Frank
Davey & Co. Sanders, Mrs. Little
Fitzgerald, Morris Sharp, M. A.
Green, J. W. Sager, M. A.
Haynes, Tillie J. (2) Stone, H. M.
Harrison, Edward Sullivan, D.
Hodgkin, Chlorella Thompson, Mrs.
Howell, Elta Mary
Johnson, Elie Turner, Dovie
Johnson, Miss R. Tucker, Mrs. Ida
Johnson, Anna Warren, Mrs. Mollie
Kenney, Mrs. Mike Washington, Mrs.
Link, Mrs. Jane Lucy
Long, Thomas A. Willis, John
May, Miss Ida Williams, Mrs. Tom
Mayne, H. Winston, Dan
Mitchell, Meady Wilkins, Mrs. E.
Moreland, John R. Woods, Mike (2)

Persons calling for above letters will please say "advertised."

W. L. DAVIS, P. M.

Don't miss the good story on sixth page.

STOCK AND TURF NEWS.

Sales and Transfers of Stock, Crop, Etc.

Turf Notes.

Joe Ewalt has sold his entire crop of tobacco to Edward Bair, of Cynthiana, at twelve cents.

Liggett & Myers, of St. Louis, have bought of Barton Coyle, of Fayette, 26,000 pounds of tobacco at fourteen cents.

J. E. Miles, of Frankfort has bought 7,000 bushels of wheat at ninety-one cents from G. H. Nunnally, of Georgetown.

At Lexington on court day cattle sold briskly at 4 to 4½ cents, yearlings about same. Hogs were current at from \$3 to \$3.10 per cwt.

Sim Wilson has entered in the Stock Farm Purse for foals of 1897 a bay filly by Onward, dam Annine 2:11 by Warlock. J. E. Kern has also entered two horses in the purse.

There were about 600 cattle on the market Monday at Mt. Sterling court, the best feeders selling at \$4.25 per cwt. G. C. Thompson, of near Paris, bought eighteen cattle at \$38.50 each, and A. T. Stewart bought nineteen at \$38.

Turney Bros.' Dr. Catlett is entered in the Brooklyn Handicap, a \$10,000 stake to be run at Gravesend, May 28, and in the Suburban, a \$10,000 stake to be run on June 18th at Sheepshead Bay. Tillo, now owned by Rogers & Rose, is entered in both races.

At a recent sale of Poland-China brood sows, held at Wyoming, Ill., twenty-eight sows bred to Klever's Model, averaged \$186.44; seven daughters of Chief Tecumseh 2d, \$169.40; five daughters of Klever's Model, \$131; two sows bred to Chief Tecumseh 2d, \$183.50 and thirteen bred to Black Chief's Rival \$88.34.

The turf congress arranged the following dates: Louisville, May 4 to 20; Newport, April 9 to May 3; Oakley, May 21 to June 7; Latonia, June 9 to July 9. Admissions were placed at 50 cents instead of \$1, and they decided to abolish "dead-head" tickets. The Lexington track had no representative present, and the result is that the dates assigned Newport conflict with Lexington.

OYSTERS, celery, fresh cakes and crackers, new sorghum molasses, New York cream cheese.

NEWTON MITCHELL.

Don't miss the good story on sixth page.

PERSONAL MENTION.

COMERS AND GOERS OBSERVED BY THE NEWS MAN.

Notes Hastily Jotted On The Streets, At The Depots, In The Hotel Lobbies And Elsewhere.

—A. J. Winters was in Cincinnati Wednesday on a business trip.

—Dr. and Mrs. J. B. Hood, of Cynthiana, were in the city yesterday.

—Mrs. Jas. Leach, of Cynthiana, is a guest at Mr. B. F. Remington's.

—Mr. Ben Winters, of St. Louis, is the guest of his brother, A. J. Winters.

—Miss Bessie Woodford is the guest of the Misses Hazelrigg, in Frankfort.

—Mrs. B. F. Buckley, who has been dangerously ill for several days, is slightly improved.

—Mrs. H. M. Taylor, of Carlisle, was the guest of her sister, Mrs. Harvey Hibler yesterday.

—Mr. R. P. Dow, Jr., arrived home yesterday from a trip to Chicago, Milwaukee and Louisville.

—Miss Addie Garner returned yesterday to her home in Winchester after a visit to Miss Lucy Lowry.

—Miss Mamie McDermott has returned from a visit to Miss Bessie Kenney, in Mt. Sterling.

—Miss Margaret Steyens, of Montgomery, is the guest of Mrs. James Kennedy, on Vine street.

—The Young Married Ladies Euchre Club was entertained yesterday afternoon by Mrs. Thompson Tarr, near Paris.

—Miss Bessie Armstrong, who has been the guest of Miss Louise Bashford, on Scott avenue, returned to her home in Lexington yesterday.

—The Misses Hazelrigg, of Frankfort entertained at euchre Tuesday evening in honor of their guests Miss Bessie Woodford, of this city, and Miss Van Meter and Miss Smith.

—Little Lucie Belle McChesney, the bright and pretty daughter of J. R. McChesney, entertained about twenty-five little men and women at a party given Wednesday afternoon from four till six, in honor of the eighth birthday of the charming little hostess.

—Miss Carrie Frank gave a very enjoyable "Dutch Supper" Tuesday evening at her home on Broadway in compliment to her accomplished guest, Miss Hallie Matthews, of Louisville. The menu comprised cold turkey, ham, tongue, weinerwurst, salad, celery, cheese, pretzels, coffee, roasted peanuts, pickle, olives, etc. Progressive euchre was one of the pleasures of the evening, the prize, a silver hat-pin, being won by Miss Matthews. There were twelve guests present.

—Miss Mary Webb Gass entertained a few friends at progressive euchre Tuesday evening at her home on Duncan avenue, in honor of Misses Hallie and Katie Gay, of Woodford. There were five tables of players. The guests were the Misses Gay, Misses Emma Miller, Etta McClintock, Mamie Kelly, (Birmingham, Ala.), Mamie McClintock, Lucy Lowry, Addie Garner (Winchester), Alice Spears, Fannie Mann, Sadie Hart, Mrs. F. L. Lapsley, J. R. Adair, Mr. H. Bailey, H. A. Smith, Messrs. Will Webb, Strother Quisenberry, R. L. Baldrick, Frank Walker, Talbott Clay, Albert Hinton, Chas. Winn.

Go to McDermott & Spears' new model grocery, opposite court-house, for anything in the fancy grocery line.

Yesterday's Temperature.

THE following is the temperature as noted yesterday by A. J. Winters & Co., of this city:

7 a. m. 53
8 a. m. 53
9 a. m. 48½
10 a. m. 48½
11 a. m. 47
12 m. 47
2 p. m. 44½
3 p. m. 45
4 p. m. 43½
5 p. m. 43
7 p. m. 42

Your Life Insured—1c. a Day.

Our insurance is protected by bankable paper on the Capital City Bank of Columbus, O. There can be no stronger guarantee given you. We dare not use a bank's name without authority, if you doubt it, write them. Good health is the best life insurance. Wright's Celery Capsules gives you good health, they cure Liver, Kidney and Stomach trouble, Rheumatism, Constipation and Sick Headaches. 100 days' treatment costs 1c a day. A sight draft on above bank, in every \$1 box, which brings your money back if we fail to cure you. Sold by W. T. Brooks, druggist.

Insure in the Northwestern to day to-morrow may be too late.

Wright's Celery Tea cures constipation, sick headaches. 25c at druggists.

PURE Pennsylvania buckwheat flour and "Old Manse" maple syrup at McDermott & Spears. (2t)

NUPTIAL KNOTS.

Engagements, Announcements And Solennizations Of The Marriage Vows.

H. Clay Turner, of Mt. Sterling, and Miss Laura Pritchard, of Elliott county, will wed on Feb. 15th, at the Grand Hotel, in Cincinnati.

Mr. S. M. Sagaser and Miss Mollie Leach and Mr. J. T. Osorne and Miss Mayme Sagaser, all of this county, were united in a double wedding ceremony performed Wednesday at Lexington by Eld. Zachary in the Kentucky University dormitory. The parties are all members of Old Union church, of which Eld. Zachary is pastor.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Bullock of Falmouth, have issued handsome invitations announcing the marriage of their daughter, Miss Lillian Lucile Bullock, to Mr. John W. Throckmorton, of Lexington, which will occur at half-past four o'clock on February third at the Christian Church, in Falmouth. The bride-to-be is one of Falmouth's loveliest and most estimable young ladies, and the groom-elect is one of the L. & N.'s most popular passenger conductor's, who has a legion of friends to wish him much happiness. They will be at home after February 21st, at 63 Woodland avenue, Lexington, Ky.

PURE New Orleans molasses and country sorghum, at McDermott & Spears. (2t)

OBITUARY.

Respectfully Dedicated To The Memory Of The Dead.

The remains of Logan Carlisle were brought to Covington for interment.

Miss Kate Purnell, sister of Mrs. W. M. Purnell, of this city, died Wednesday at Fulton, Mo. See Millersburg item.

George McDonald, aged sixty, died Wednesday night near Austerlitz. He leaves a wife, who was formerly Miss Marcia Lucas, of Scott county, but no children. Burial at eleven o'clock this morning at Clintonville.

The funeral services over the remains of J. Johnson Rogers, were held at the Christian Church Wednesday morning at half-past ten o'clock, by Eld. J. S. Sweeney. The remains were interred at the Paris cemetery, the officers of the church acting as pall bearers.

James Keefe, aged eighty, father of Mrs. Hannah Browner and Miss Maggie Keefe, of this city, died in this city Tuesday morning. He was also the father of John Keefe, of Jessamine, James Keefe, of Chicago, and Wm. Keefe, of New York. Funeral services were held yesterday morning at nine o'clock at the Catholic Church by Rev. E. A. Burke.

Mr. S. Solomon, a native of Poland, who organized the Gas companies in Paris, Maysville and Charleston (W. Va.), and resided in this city for some time, died Tuesday in Chicago. Mr. Solomon, who is survived by his wife, a sister of Col. R. M. Kelly, formerly lived in Flemingsburg and Maysville, being a jeweler at the latter place. His remains were brought to this city, last evening, accompanied by Mrs. Solomon and Mrs. Belle Morrow, of Chicago, and Mr. and Mrs. McComas, of Cincinnati, will take place from W. T. Talbott's residence this morning at half-past ten o'clock. Short services will be held at the grave by Rev. Hal Spears.

THE Northwestern's dividends to policy-holders are unequalled, and to procure Northwestern dividends you must carry Northwestern insurance. If

DELINQUENT TAXES.

All persons who have not paid their poll-tax for 1897 are notified to call at the Sheriff's office and settle same and save costs. (18jan-4t) JOS. WILLIAMS, C. B. C.

NOTICE.

Will not be responsible for any debts unless written order from me

S. BROOKS CLAY,

Supervisor of Public Roads. (8jan-tf)

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

All persons having claims against C. F. Clay, deceased, will present the same, properly proven according to law, to the undersigned Administrators. All persons knowing themselves indebted to C. F. Clay, deceased, will please settle promptly with the Administrators.

B. J. & S. B. CLAY, Administrators of C. F. Clay, deceased. (11jan-4wk)

Insure your property against fire, wind and lightning in the Hurst Home Insurance Co., a safe and reliable company.

O. W. MILLER, Agent, Hutchison, Ky.

WANTED—TRUSTWORTHY and active gentlemen or ladies to travel for responsible, established house in Kentucky. Monthly \$65.00 and expenses. Position steady. Reference. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. The Dominion Company, Dept. W. Chicago. (16nov-8t)

YOUR SHOES

Sho! I be entirely weather proof at this season. It is false economy to wear shoes that do not keep your feet dry and comfortable—you can't afford it. We have just arranged a special-value sale of Ladies', Misses' and Children's Shoes, and also Men's and Boy's Shoes—at low-down prices. Our January invoice revealed that we have too many shoes and this fact will prove greatly to your advantage—it you will call immediately.

Davis, Thomson & Isgrig.

Special Sale of Something New

ON-THURSDAY, FRIDAY AND SATURDAY, JAN. 27, 28 AND 29,

We make a SPECIAL SALE of

NEW EMBROIDERIES, INDIA LINENS, NAINSOOKS, TABLE LINENS and Napkins.

These goods are not odds and ends, but new, fresh goods. Our embroideries we imported ourselves for this Spring's trade, direct from St. Gall and Herisaw, Switzerland, at a price 25 to 40 per cent. below New York Importers.

We can, and will, show you some rare bargains in this sale. A sale of this kind has never been made before in Paris, where an entire new importation has been thrown on the market at such low prices as these goods will be offered.

No old stock, everything new and fresh. Ladies are invited to call and see these goods whether they buy or not.

G. TUCKER.

CONDON'S
SURPRISE SPECIAL SALE!

To close out all Winter goods during the next 30 days we will sell everything in stock at prices less than cost.

Dress Goods, formerly 75c and \$1.00 per yard, at 39c, embracing fancy weaves, broadcloths, novelties and wideop diagonal orges. Table linens and napkins, large variety, at cost. All our underwear at much less than cost. Penangs and precales, formerly 82c, to close, 4c per yard. See our hosiery at 10c and 15c per pair, worth 25c. Notions of every description less than cost. 10-4 New York mills sheeting, worth 30c, for 18c. Splendid bleached and unbleached cotton, 5c per yard.

FASHIONABLE TAILORING!

WE HAVE RECEIVED A SPLENDID STOCK OF

IMPORTED SUITINGS AND TROUSERINGS

FOR FALL AND WINTER.

Our Prices are lower than any house in Central Kentucky, when quality and style are considered. We ask you to give us a call.

F. P. LOWRY & CO.,

FINE MERCHANT TAILORS.

S. E. Tipton, Jailer

THE
Our \$20.00 and \$25.00
OVERCOATS.

Elegantly trimmed, and made by first-class tailors, and you will never pay \$30.00 or \$35.00 again.

We make pants for \$5.00 that are good, and the best for \$8.00. These would cost you \$7.00 and \$12.00 anywhere else.

Cleaning and Pressing a Specialty.

LAVIN & HUKILL.

SPOTS ON OLD SOL'S FACE



that makes it look like that of Fitzsimmons after his bout with Corbett, has been attracting the attention of astronomers lately. We can knock spots out of anything in the way of fine linen collars, shirt fronts, cuffs, etc., that you bring here. We defy the strongest telescope to find a spot on your linen after it leaves here. Our laundry work is perfect

The Bourbon Steam Laundry,

W. M. HINTON, JR., & BRO., Proprietors.

Telephone No. 4.

THE BOURBON NEWS.

(Seventeenth Year—Established 1881.)

Published Every Tuesday and Friday, by
WALTER CHAMBERLAIN, Editor and Owner.
GRUCE MILLER, Editor and Owner.

KINDLINESS VS. ETIQUETTE.

How the Former Triumphed Over the Latter at St. Petersburg.

There is an excellent story of a triumph for simple American kindness and common sense over diplomatic etiquette, and stiff court procedure. The story concerns a former minister of the United States in St. Petersburg, at one of those elaborate and very formal receptions or levees which the emperor and empress give on New Year's day, and several times later during the winter. All the diplomats stand in line in their order of precedence, and their majesties walk down the line to exchange greetings with each in turn. On this occasion the empress, now the dowager empress, was not present, having just given birth to one of the young princesses. It seems that the good wife of the American minister was in this country, occupied with a similar domestic duty.

The emperor came down the line and asked after the health of each of the gentlemen present, at the same time exchanging the usual seasonal greetings. Then, as was also his custom, he asked of each what was the news from home. This always meant in the diplomatic world: "How is my good brother, the emperor of Germany?" or, "What is the news from my dear sister, the queen of Great Britain and Ireland?" It is supposed that all of the questions were answered with pleasant information about his fellow rulers of the globe. So when he came to the American minister he did ask the usual question: "I hope you have good news from home." Of course he did, and our full-hearted representative could not keep it a secret. "Yes, thank your majesty, excellent news; it is a boy, and weighs 12 pounds."

It is needless to say how the perfectly natural answer smote the assembled corps hip and thigh. It is said that a widespread titter was scarcely decorously suppressed. But the good-natured man and father, even if he was a czar, pretended not to notice it, and said that he was truly glad to hear it, and he hoped the minister would convey his heartiest congratulations to Mme. Minister. He then passed on to the next man in the line extending his greetings. It seems that the ill-concealed disorder among his colleagues made no impression upon the good-hearted and happy American. He had forgotten something. Coming out of his place, he followed the emperor, and tapping him on the shoulder, said: "I beg your majesty's pardon. I failed to inquire after the health of the empress and the little princess." The emperor thanked him again with great kindness, and assured him that both were doing as well as could be expected. And from all accounts this last exchange of domestic compliments provoked the line into actual laughter.

This was the one good story of the great winter capital for days and weeks. It was whispered about at parties and tittered over teacups, until it at last reached the ears of the recovering empress, and with the kindness which has always characterized her as well as her late husband, she resolved to teach the small-minded court circle a lesson. So at the next assemblage she made occasion to seek out the American minister as an object of her special favor, and, later, at the banquet, in a particularly audible voice, thanked him for his kind inquiries after her health during her recent illness.—Washington Post.

GOLD TAKEN FROM A MINE.

A Digging in Australia Has Yielded \$250,000,000 in 30 Years.

The richest gold mine in the world is located under the thriving town of Ballarat, Victoria, Australia. The town has about 25,000 inhabitants, nearly all of whom are employed in the mine. There are more than 100 miles of tunnels under the city, some of them being at a depth of 2,000 feet. The entrances to the mine, which is controlled by a corporation and is known as the Band, Barton and Albion councils, is outside the city. The region around Ballarat has been dug over several times by miners. It was formerly covered by a dense forest, but the trees have been chopped down, and the mark of the mine's shovel and pick is visible on all sides. Not one of the workers struck pay dirt, and the work was all done in vain.

The rock in which the gold is found beneath Ballarat is not rich in the yellow metal. It yields but half an ounce of standard gold to the ton, and yet the Band, Barton and Albion mine has yielded more than \$250,000,000 in gold since it was opened 30 years ago. The work is done so systematically and so thoroughly that it is enormously profitable in spite of the low grade of the ore. The supply of paying quartz seems practically inexhaustible, and as the vein is extensive, being spread over much territory, the mine bids fair to last for centuries.

All of the paying veins of Australia run north and south, and have a dip of 25 degrees east and west. In working the mines a shaft is sunk until the vein is struck. Then the miners work upward, allowing the ore to fall backward and downward to the shaft, through which it is raised to the surface, where it is milled. The workmen in the Band, Barton and Albion are much more comfortable than the workers in a coal mine. There are no noxious gases and no danger from explosions. Pure air is forced in through various shafts, and thus into the drivers. The tunnels are drilled far apart, so that there will be no danger to the city above, where all is trade and bustle.—London Tit-Bits.

A man seems to enjoy nothing quite so much as going around in his shirt sleeves.—Washington Democrat.

THE EXPLOITS OF BRIGADIER GERARD.

How the Brigadier Held the King.

BY A. CONAN DOYLE.

(COPYRIGHTED.)

CHAPTER I.

I believe that the last story that I told you, my friends, was about how I received at the bidding of the emperor the cross for valor which I had, if I may be allowed to say so, so long deserved. Here upon the lapel of my coat you may see the ribbon, but the medal itself I keep in a leather pouch at home, and I never venture to take it out unless one of the modern peace generals, or some foreigner of distinction who finds himself in our little town, takes advantage of the opportunity to pay his respects to the well-known Brigadier Gerard. Then I place it upon my breast, and I give my mustache the old Marengo twist which brings a gray point into either eye. Yet with all I fear that neither they, nor you, either, my friends, will ever realize the man that I was. You know me only as a civilian—with an air and a manner it is true—but still merely as a civilian. Had you seen me as I stood in the doorway of the inn at Alamo on the first day of July in the year 1810 you would then have known what the hussar may attain to.

For a month I had lingered in that accursed village, and all on account of a lance thrust in my ankle which made it impossible for me to put my foot to the ground. There were three of us at first—old Bouvet, of the hussars; Jacques Regnier, of the cuirassiers; and a funny little voltigeur captain whose name I forget—but they all got well and hurried on to the front, while I sat gnawing my fingers and tearing my hair, and even, as I must confess, weeping from time to time as I thought of my hussars and the deplorable condition in which they must find themselves when deprived of their colonel. I was not a brigadier yet, you understand, although I already carried myself like one. But I was the youngest colonel in the whole service, and my regiment was wife and children to me. It went to my heart that they should be bereaved. It is true that Villaret, the senior major, was an excellent soldier, but still even among the best there are degrees of merit.

Ah, that happy July day of which I speak when first I limped to the door and stood in the golden Spanish sunshine! It was but the evening before that I had heard from the regiment. They were at Pastores on the other side of the mountains face to face with the English—not forty miles from me by road. But how was I to get to them? The same thrust which had pierced my ankle had slain my charger. I took advice from Gomez, the landlord, and from an old priest who had slept that night in the inn, but neither of them could do more than assure me that there was not so much as a colt left upon the whole country side. The landlord would not hear of my crossing the mountains under an escort, for he assured me that El Cuchillo, the Spanish guerrilla chief, was out that way with his band, and that it meant a death by torture to fall into his hands. The old priest observed, however, that he did not think a French hussar would be deterred by that, and if I had had any doubts they would of course have been decided by his remark.

But a horse! How was I to get one? I was standing in the doorway plotting and planning when I heard the clink of shoes, and, looking up, I saw a great bearded man with a blue cloak frogged across in military fashion coming towards me. He was riding a big black horse with one white stocking on his near foreleg.

"Hullo, comrade!" said I, as he came up to me.

"Hullo!" said he.

"I am Col. Gerard, of the hussars," said I. "I have lain here wounded for a month and I am now ready to rejoin my regiment at Pastores."

"I am M. Vidal, of the commissariat," he answered, "and I am myself upon my way to Pastores. I should be glad to have your company, colonel, for I hear that the mountains are far from safe."

"Alas!" said I. "I have no horse. But if you will sell me yours I will promise that an escort of hussars shall be sent back for you."

He would not hear of it, and it was in vain that the landlord told him

"It is I who can help you."

dreadful stories of the doings of El Cuchillo, and that I pointed out the duty which he owed the army and to the country. He would not even argue but called loudly for a cup of wine. I craftily asked him to dismount and to drink with me, but he must have seen something in my face, for he shook his head, and then as I approached him with some thought of selling him by the leg he jerked his heels into his horse's flanks and was off in a cloud of dust.

My faith, it was enough to make a man mad to see this fellow riding away so gayly to join his beef barrels and his brandy casks, and then to think of my five hundred beautiful hussars without their leader. I was gazing after him with bitter thoughts in my mind when who should touch me on the elbow but the little priest whom I have mentioned.

"It is I who can help you," said he, "I am myself traveling south."

I put my arms about him and as my ankle gave way at the same moment we nearly rolled upon the ground together.

"Get me to Pastores," I cried, "and you shall have a bag of golden heads." I had taken one from the convent of Spiritu Sancto. It shows how necessary it is to take what you can when you are upon a campaign, and how the most unlikely things may become useful.

"I will take you," said he, in very excellent French, "not because I hope for any reward, but because it is my way always to do what I can to serve my countryman, and that is why I am so beloved wherever I go." With that he led me down to the village to an old cowhouse in which we found a tumble-down sort of diligence such as they used to run early in this century between some of our more remote villages. There were three old mules, too, none of which were strong enough to carry a man, but together they might draw the coach. The sight of their gaunt ribs and spavined legs gave me more delight than the whole two hundred and twenty hunters of the emperor which I have seen in their stalls at Fontainebleau. In ten minutes the owner was harnessing them into the coach, with no very good will, however, for he was in mortal dread of this terrible Cuchillo. It was only by promising him riches in this world, while the priest threatened him with damnation in the next, that we at last got him safely upon the box with the reins between his fingers. Then



THEN HE SCREAMED HORRIBLY.

he was in such a hurry to get off out of fear lest we should find ourselves in the dark in the passes, that he hardly gave me time to renew my vows to the innkeeper's daughter. I cannot at this moment recall her name, but we wept together as we parted, and I can remember that she was a very beautiful woman. You will understand, my friends, that when a man like me, who has fought the men and kissed the women in fourteen separate kingdoms, gives a word of praise to the one or the other it has a little meaning of its own.

The little priest had seemed a trifle grave when we kissed good-bye, but he soon proved himself the best of companions in the diligence. All the way he amused me with tales of his little parish up in the mountains and I in my turn told him stories about the camp, but my faith I had to pick my steps, for when I said a word too much he would fidget in his seat and his face would show the pain that I had given him. And of course it is not the act of a gentleman to talk in anything but a proper manner to a religious man, though with all the care in the world one's words may get out of hand sometimes. He had come from the north of Spain, as he told me, and was going to see his mother in a village of Estremadura, and as he spoke about her little peasant home, and her joy in seeing him, it brought my mother so vividly to my thoughts that the tears started to my eyes. In his simplicity he showed me the little gifts which he was taking to her, and so kindly was his manner that I could readily believe him when he said that he was loved wherever he went. He examined my own uniform with as much curiosity as a child, admiring the plume of my busby and passing his fingers through the sable with which my dolman was trimmed. He drew my sword, too, and then when I told him how many men I had cut down with it, and set my fingers on the notch made by the shoulder bone of the Russian emperor's aide-de-camp, he shuddered and placed the weapon under the leather cushion, declaring that it made him sick to look at it.

Well, we had been rolling and creaking on our way whilst this talk had been going forward, and as we reached the base of the mountains we could hear the rumbling of cannon far away upon the right. This came from Messina who was, as I knew, besieging Ciudad Rodrigo. There was nothing I should have wished better than to have gone straight to him, for he was the best Jew that I have heard of since Joshua's time, and if you are in sight of his beaky nose and bold, black eyes you are not likely to miss much of what is going on. Still a siege is always a

poor sort of a pick-and-shovel business, and there were better prospects with my hussars in front of the English. Every mile that passed my heart grew lighter and lighter until I found myself shouting and singing like a young ensign fresh from Saint Cyr, just to think of seeing all my fine horses and my gallant fellows once more.

As we penetrated the mountains the road grew rougher and the pass more savage. At first we met a few muleteers, but now the whole country seemed deserted, which is not to be wondered at when you think that the French, the English and the guerrillas had each in turn had command over it. So bleak and wild was it, one great brown wrinkled cliff succeeding another, and the pass growing narrower and narrower, that I ceased to look out, but sat in silence thinking of this and that, of women whom I had loved and of horses which I had handled. I was suddenly brought back from my dreams, however, by observing the difficulties of my companion, who was trying with a sort of bradawl which he had drawn out to bore a hole through the leather strap which held up his water flask. As he worked with twitching fingers the strap escaped his grasp and the wooden bottle fell at my feet. I stooped to pick it up, and as I did so the priest silently leaped upon my shoulders and drove his bradawl into my eye.

My friends, I am, as you know, a man steeled to face every danger. When one has served from the siege of Genoa to that last fatal day of Waterloo, and has had the special medal, which I keep at home in a leather pouch, one can afford to confess when one is frightened. It may console some of you when your own nerves play you tricks to remember that you have heard even me, Brigadier Gerard, say that I have been scared. And besides my terror at this horrible attack, and the maddening pain of my wound, there was a sudden feeling of loathing such as you might feel were some filthy tarantula to strike its fangs into you. I clutched the creature in both hands and hurling him onto the floor of the coach I stamped on him with my heavy boots. He had drawn a pistol from the front of his soutane, but I kicked it out of his hand, and again I fell with my knees on his chest. Then for the first time he screamed horribly, while I, half blinded, felt about for the sword which he had so cunningly concealed. My hand had just lighted upon it, and I was dashing the blood from my face to see where he lay that I might transfix him, when the whole coach turned over upon its side, and my weapon was jerked out of my grasp by the shock. Before I could recover myself the door was burst open and I was dragged by the heels on to the road.

CHAPRE II.

But even as I was torn out onto the flint stones and realized that thirty ruffians were standing around me, I was filled with joy, for my pelisse had been pulled over my head in the struggle and was covering one of my eyes, and it was with my wounded eye that I was seeing this band of brigands. You see for yourself by this pucker and sear how the thin blade passed between socket and ball, but it was only at that moment when I was dragged from the coach that I understood that my sight was not gone forever. The creature's intention, doubtless, was to drive it through my brain and, indeed, he loosened some portion of the inner bone of my head, so that I afterwards had more trouble from that wound than from any one of the seventeen which I have received.

They dragged me out, these sons of dogs, with curses and execrations, beating me with their fists and kicking me as I lay upon the ground. I had frequently observed that the mountaineers wore cloth swathed round their feet, but never did I imagine that I should have so much cause to be thankful for it. Presently, seeing the blood upon my head, and that I lay quiet, they thought that I was unconscious, where-as I was storing every ugly face among them in my memory, so that I might see them all safely hanged if ever my chance came around. Brawny rascals they were, with yellow handkerchiefs round their heads, and great red sashes stuffed with weapons. They had rolled two great rocks across the path, where it took a short turn, and it was these which had torn off one of the wheels of the coach and upset us. As to the reptile who had acted the priest so cleverly and had told me so much of his parish and his mother, he, of course, had known where the ambush was laid, and had attempted to put me beyond all resistance at the moment when we reached it.

I cannot tell you how frantic their rage was when they drew him out of the coach and saw the state to which I had reduced him. If he had not got all his deserts he had at least something as a souvenir of his meeting with Etienne Gerard, for his legs dangled aimlessly about, and though the upper part of his body was convulsed with rage and pain he sat straight down upon his feet when they tried to set him upright. But all the time his two little black eyes, which had seemed so kindly and so innocent in the coach, were glaring at me like a wounded cat, and he spat and spat and spat in my direction. My faith, when the wretches jerked me out my feet again, and when I was dragged off upon one of the mountain paths, I understood that a time was coming when I was to need all my courage and resource. My enemy was carried upon the shoulders of the men behind me, and I could hear his hissing and reviling first in one ear and then in the other as I was hurried up the winding track.

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

What He Wished.

"Father was speaking of you yesterday," said Ethel to Cholly Stalate.

"What did he say?"

"He said he'd rather have you go home late than early."

"Er—why—did he really say that?"

"Yes. He said it would be a great relief if you'd leave late in the evening instead of early in the morning."

Washington Star.

A LITTLE NONSENSE.

—Miss Trill—"I love to hear the birds sing." Jack Downright (warmly)—"So do I. They never attempt a piece beyond their ability."—Tit-Bits.

—He—"That is Mrs. Pendennis, president of the Astronomical society, and she's exasperatingly clever." She—"Yes, but how consolingly ugly!"—Life.

—Hatching a Conspiracy.—Uncle Ned—"How do you like your new steam engine?" Johnny—"Isn't it a dandy? I wonder if we could burst the boiler?"—Puck.

—Bagley—"Dent is a very generous man." Brace—"In what respect?" Bagley—"He never passes a beggar that he doesn't borrow a dime from me to give to him."—Harlem Life.

—Grandpa invited Dorothy to go with him to feed the chickens, the morning after her arrival at the farm. On her return to the house she inquired shyly: "Grandpa, do all hens eat with their noses?"—Judge.

—His Sole Reliance.—"The last time I saw you, Dibble," said Corbus, "you were publishing a bright little country paper. Did you lose your journalistic enthusiasm?" "Worse," replied Dibble, with a mournful sigh. "I lost the county printing."—Chicago Tribune.

—"An author," said the practical literature, "ought to know several languages." "Of course he ought," replied his fellow craftsman. "The field has been so well worked that there is no longer any use of reading old English books in search of original ideas."—Washington Star.

—Chicago Man (to a stranger in London)—"I'm actually bored to a finish. Don't know a soul in the village. By the way, where do you hail from?" Prince of Wales—"Sir, I do not hail at all; I'm getting ready to reign."—Chicago News.

—"Oh, my friends, there are some spectacles that one never forgets!" said a lecturer, after giving a graphic description of a terrible accident he had witnessed. "I'd like to know where they sell 'em," remarked an old lady in the audience, who is always mislaying her glasses.—Tit-Bits.

AMERICA IN 1800.

The Population Centered in a Very Few Cities Near the Coast.

Montreal and Quebec were then large towns, but making no progress; nothing had come of the expected cities along the coast of Maine; Salem had been outstripped by Boston, which already numbered 30,000 citizens; Newport, New London and New Haven were still disappointingly small and sleepy; New York, which had borne the brunt of the revolutionary war, included only some 60,000 inhabitants; while Philadelphia, unharmed by the war, was flourishing, and led the list with a population numbering over 81,000. Farther south, Baltimore, with about 27,000 people; Charleston, with 20,000, and New Orleans (then in French territory), with 10,000, were the only coast towns worth mentioning. Civilization had scarcely found its way across the Alleghenies, Chicago did not exist, and Oswego, Buffalo, Detroit, Pittsburgh and Cincinnati were mere frontier villages or Indian trading posts. New England and eastern Pennsylvania and Maryland were dotted with villages, but the largest inland towns were those of northern New Jersey and the valley of the Hudson, where Newburg, Kingston and Albany took the lead of all.

Let us see what happened during the next thirty years.

As soon as peace, and a firm, united government were gained by the war for independence, we Americans began to think about finding out and making use of the wealth of our new country, first by setting as many persons as possible to clearing away the forests and planting fields; and great numbers from the older states, and from Europe, moved west and received from the government tracts of land, for which the only pay asked was a promise to stay and cultivate them.

But it was plain that there was no use in farming, no matter how cheap and fertile the soil, nor in cutting timber or digging minerals, no matter how accessible and abundant, unless the pioneers had some way to send the grain they grew, or the timber or minerals to market. Roads were, therefore, of the first importance. Nobody but a hunter or explorer could travel into the heavily wooded interior, except along some navigable river, and at first only the valleys of these rivers were cultivated. Next, a few roads were laid out, connecting the coast and roadside towns, but none penetrated inland very far, and these were mostly tracks for pack-horses. All frontier goods were carried by horses until almost the beginning of this century, as they are yet in remote parts of the far west. This method is exceedingly expensive. It costs, for instance, about \$249 a ton, or about 12½ cents a pound, to carry merchandise by pack horses from Philadelphia to Erie in 1784; and when, in 1789, the first wagon-road was opened over the Pennsylvania mountains, the cost of freightage was three dollars a ton for that part alone—about 140 miles. It was not until 1804 that the first through line of stages was established from Philadelphia to Pittsburgh, making the trip in seven days.

These things show how gradual, but how sure, was the advance of civilization westward.—Ernest Ingersoll, in St. Nicholas.

Reforming.

"Your money or your life!" shouted the footpad.

"I have no money," said the victim, "and my life will be of no use to you."

"I don't know about that," replied the footpad. "I have been thinking for some time of trying a new life."—Philadelphia North American.

The Precious Innocent.

He—"Do you think there is really any danger in kissing?"

She—"Wait till I go on the stairs and listen to find out whether papa is asleep or not."—Pearson's Weekly.

M. H. DAILEY,

DENTIST.

602 MAIN ST. - - - PARIS, KY.
[Over Deposit Bank.]

Office hours: 8 to 12 a. m.; 1 to 6 p. m.

H. A. SMITH,

DENTIST.

Office over G. S. Varden & Co.

Office Hours: 8 to 12 a. m.; 1 to 5 p. m.

J. R. ADAIR. L. C. MOORE.

Drs. Adair & Moore,

Dental Surgeons.

No. 3 BROADWAY, - - - PARIS, KY.

Office Hours - - 8 to 12 a. m.; and 1 to 5 p. m. (3dc-ff)

Henry L. Casey,

Veterinary Surgeon & Dentist.

All diseases of the domesticated animals treated on scientific principles. Diseases of the hog a specialty.
Office at Turney, Clark & Mitchell's lower stable.

BLUEGRASS NURSERIES

FALL 1897.

Full stock of Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Grape Vines, Small Fruits, Asparagus, and every thing for Orchard, Lawn and Garden.

We have no Agents, but sell direct to the planter, saving enormous commissions. Catalogue on application to

H. F. HILLENMEYER,

LEXINGTON, KY.

RAILROAD TIME CARD.

L. & N. R. R.

ARRIVAL OF TRAINS:

From Cincinnati—10:58 a. m.; 5:38 p. m.; 10:15 p. m.
From Lexington—4:30 a. m.; 7:45 a. m.; 3:38 p. m.; 6:27 p. m.
From Richmond—4:35 a. m.; 7:40 a. m.; 3:28 p. m.
From Maysville—7:42 a. m.; 3:25 p. m.

DEPARTURE OF TRAINS:

To Cincinnati—4:45 a. m.; 7:55 a. m.; 3:40 p. m.
To Lexington—7:50 a. m.; 11:05 a. m.; 5:45 p. m.; 10:21 p. m.
To Richmond—11:08 a. m.; 5:43 p. m.; 10:25 p. m.
To Maysville—7:50 a. m.; 6:35 p. m.
F. B. CARR, Agent.

CHESAPEAKE & OHIO RY

TIME TABLE.

EAST BOUND.

Lv Louisville..... 8:30am 6:00pm
Ar Lexington..... 11:45am 8:40pm
Lv Lexington..... 12:30pm 8:30pm 5:50pm
Lv Winchester..... 11:58am 9:20pm 9:10am 6:30pm
Ar Mt. Sterling..... 12:25pm 9:50pm 9:50am 7:00pm
Ar Washington..... 6:35am 3:00pm
Ar Philadelphia..... 10:15am 7:00pm
Ar New York..... 12:40pm 9:00pm

WEST BOUND.

Ar Winchester..... 7:30am 4:50pm 6:55am 2:50pm
Ar Lexington..... 8:00am 5:20pm 7:35am 3:45pm
Ar Frankfort..... 8:11am 5:30pm
Ar Shelbyville..... 10:00am 7:20pm
Ar Louisville..... 11:00am 8:15pm

Trains marked thus + run daily except Sunday; other trains run daily.

Through Sleepers between Louisville, Lexington and New York without change.

For rates, Sleeping Car reservations or any information call on

F. B. CARR,
Agent L. & N. R. R.
or, GEORGE W. BARNEY,
Div. Pass. Agent,
Lexington, Ky.

FRANKFORT & CINCINNATI RY.

In Effect March 1, 1897.

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

EAST BOUND.

Lv Frankfort..... 6:30am 3:00pm
Ar Elk Horn..... 6:45am 3:15pm
Ar Switzer..... 6:55am 3:25pm
Ar Stamping Ground..... 7:05am 3:35pm
Ar Duvalis..... 7:15am 3:45pm
Ar Georgetown..... 7:25am 3:55pm
Ar Georgetown..... 8:00am 4:30pm
Ar New Town..... 8:12am 4:42pm
Ar Centerville..... 8:22am 4:52pm
Ar Elizabethtown..... 8:30am 5:00pm

WEST BOUND.

Lv Paris..... 9:20am 5:30pm
Ar Elizabethtown..... 9:32am 5:42pm
Ar Centerville..... 9:45am 5:55pm
Ar New Town..... 9:55am 6:05pm
Ar Georgetown..... 10:05am 6:15pm
Ar Duvalis..... 10:15am 6:25pm
Ar Stamping Ground..... 10:25am 6:35pm
Ar Switzer..... 10:35am 6:45pm
Ar Elk Horn..... 10:45am 6:55pm
Ar Frankfort..... 11:00am 7:10pm

GEO. E. HARPER, Gen'l Suplt., FRANKFORT, KY. C. D. BERCAW, Gen'l Pass. Agt., FRANKFORT, KY.

HOUSE AND LOT AND BLACK-

SMITH SHOP FOR SALE.

I DESIRE to sell my house and lot, with blacksmith shop, at Jacksonville, Ky. I will sell for half cash, balance in twelve months. For further particulars, address, or call on BENJ. F. SHARON, (13oct-ff) Jacksonville, Ky.

JOHN CONNELLY,

PLUMBER,

PARIS, KENTUCKY.

Work guaranteed satisfactory. Calls promptly answered. Your work is solicited. Prices, reasonable.

OUR OWN.

If I had known in the morning
How wearily all the day
The words unkind would trouble my mind
That I said when you went away,
I had been more careful, caring,
Nor given you needless pain,
But we vex our own with look and tone
We may never take back again.

For, though in the quiet evening
You may give me the kiss of peace,
Yet it well might be that never for me
The pain of the heart should cease!
How many go forth at morning
Who never come home at night!
And hearts have broken for harsh words
Spoken
That sorrow can ne'er set right.

We have careful thought for the stranger
And smiles for the same time guest,
But off for our own the bitter tone,
Though we love our own the best.
Ah, lips with the curve impatient,
Ah, brow with the shade of scorn,
'Twere a cruel fate were the night too late
To undo the work of the morn!

—Margaret E. Sangster.

SAWING UP A LOG.

How Planks Are Cut Into Shape In a
Great Western Sawmill.

W. S. Harwood contributes "The Story of a Pine Board" to Nicholas. After telling of the cutting down of the tree and its progress from the forest to the mill Mr. Harwood says:

Up from the yellowish brown depths of the slow moving river flowing so steadily on its way to the sea comes a huge, dark brown thing with a shining, dripping coat. It is our log, entering upon its last stage. It passes at once upon a long incline called the "slit"—a trench of wood about eight inches deep and two feet wide at the top, so hollowed out that the largest log will lie in it securely as it is being drawn up the incline by the stout chains with which the slit is equipped. Projecting pieces of steel on this chain serve to keep the log steady, its great weight, causing it to sink upon these pieces of steel, which are like sharp teeth. A workman, standing at the side of the slit, by means of a lever throws up two powerful steel pointed arms, which lift the logs out of the slit and throw them upon tables, from which they are rolled down to the carriage which leads to the saws. When the log reaches the carriage, it is thrown upon the frame work by the "nigger"—a long, ratcheted bar or piece of steel. This frame work is like a section of an ordinary flat car running on a regular railroad track. Two men stand on the moving carriage and at a signal from the head sawyer, who directs the cutting of the log, regulate the thickness of the plank or board by the levers of the carriage.

When the log has been adjusted, it rapidly advances to the saw, and in a very few seconds its water soaked sides have been trimmed by the sharp teeth. The carriage flies back to the starting place with the swiftness of the wind, and it is enough to make one shudder to see it go. You expect every instant that one of the men will be thrown off and terribly injured. They learn to balance themselves, however, though there are frequent accidents. One instant of inattention on the part of the head sawyer, who regulates the speed of the carriage by his lever, would send the carriage flying back to the end of the mill with tremendous force and probably kill both of the men. One of the men on the carriage, called the "setter," fixes the width of the board to be saved on signal from the head sawyer; the other man is the second sawyer.

As I stood one day in one of these mills, watching the men flying forth and back on the narrow carriage, and almost expecting that one or both of them would be thrown off in the swiftness of their flight, I took out my watch and timed them. I found that they traveled at an average on this little railroad not more than 20 feet long, 168,000 feet a day, or about 81 miles.

On Ships' Beds.

The Arundel Castle is the finest boat I have seen in these seas. She is thoroughly modern, and that statement covers a great deal of ground. She has the usual defect, the common defect, the universal defect, the defect that has been missing from any ship that sailed—she has imperfect beds. No ship has good beds, but no ship has very good ones. In the matter of beds all ships have been badly edited, apparently edited, from the beginning. The selection of the beds is given to some hearty, strong backed, self made man, when it ought to be given to a frail woman accustomed from girlhood to backaches and insomnia. Nothing is so on either side of the ocean as a defect bed; nothing is so difficult to see. Some of the hotels on both sides of it, but no ship ever does or ever will.

In Noah's ark the beds were simple scandalous. Noah set the fashion, and it will endure in one degree of modification or another until the next flood.

Following the Equator," by Mark Twain, in McClure's.

His Bluff.

When the young man called to ask the old man's daughter, the latter usually thought it was necessary to up a good bluff, that being the usual method of procedure. Consequently looked solemn, coughed once or twice, sort of preliminary, commenced with a minute or two, coughed again asked:

"Can you support her in the hotel to which she has been accustomed?"

"If I couldn't," returned the young man promptly, "I ought to be ashamed of myself."

The old man's bluff was called.—Chicago Post.

Smoking in Germany is not a pastime. It is an art, and an art that has grouped about it a respectable number of industries. Every smoker carries a cigar case, a cigar clipper, matchbox and usually a little box for the cigar tips. The tips are collected by a society organized for the purpose in each province and are sent to a manufacturer for the benefit of charitable institutions.

THE KITTEN AND THE BEAR.

How Puss Frightened Bruin Up a Tree and Kept Him There.

Chris Burns, the veteran first sergeant of Troop D, had a kitten which, during the summer camping of the troop at the Lower Geyser basin, made her home within the sergeant's tent. Here, curled up on a pair of army blankets, she defied the world in general and dogs in particular. When the latter approached, she would elevate every bristle on her brave little back, her eyes would glow like live coals, and her tail would swell up threateningly. If dogs approached too near, she would hiss and exhibit the usual signs of hostility until the intruders had vanished from her neighborhood.

One day, when the camp was bathed in sunshine and every soldier in camp felt lazy, an inquisitive black bear came down the mountain side and, whether because he was in search of adventure or because attracted by a savory smell from the cook's fire, began to walk about among the white tents of the cavalry command.

Suddenly the kitten caught sight of him. Dogs by the score she had seen, but this particular "dog" was the largest and the hairiest dog she had ever seen. But she did not hesitate. It was enough for her that an enemy had invaded her special domain. Hissing forth her spite, while her little body quivered with rage, she darted forth at the bear. The onslaught was sudden, and one glance was enough for bruin. With a snort of fear, bruin made for the nearest tree, a short distance away, and did not pause until he was safely perched among the upper branches. Meanwhile the kitten stalked proudly about on the ground beneath, keeping close guard over her huge captive, her back still curved into a bow and her hair still bristling with righteous indignation, while her tail would now and then give a significant little wave, as if to say, "That's the way I settle impertinent bears."

The soldiers, who meanwhile had poured forth from their tents, could scarcely believe their eyes; but there was the bear in the tree and the kitten below, and there were those who had seen the affair from beginning to end.

And perhaps the strangest part of it all was that the bear would not stir from his safe position in the branches until the kitten had been persuaded to leave her huge enemy a clear means of retreat. Then he slid shamefacedly down from his perch and ambled hastily off toward the mountain.—Lieutenant Charles D. Rhodes, U. S. A., in St. Nicholas.

NAMES OF PEARLS.

About Five Thousand Small Ones Can Be Bought For Nine Dollars.

Pearls are named according to their size. The very large are called paragon pearls; when the size of a cherry, cherry pearls; medium are called piece pearls; smallest, dust pearls. The oval and long are termed pear pearls, while badly formed specimens are known as barques. The value of pearls varies, of course, with the quality and general colors, but the piece, seed and dust pearls always have a market price.

The cherry and paragon are sold on an entirely different basis. If many fine ones are on the market at a time, they may be had at reasonable rates. Some years they bring almost any price. The last two years especially, the dealers say, there has been a great scarcity of fine pearls, although there is no falling off in the supply of the small stuff.

When a pearl exceeds one carat in weight, it is sold separately. Under that weight they are sold in parcels and become less valuable as they become smaller. The smallest pearls collected average about 5,000 to the tray and are rated at about \$9 per ounce. If, on the contrary, one paragon weighing an ounce (or 160 carats) was on sale, it would bring any amount from \$30,000 to \$200,000, according to quality.—Philadelphia Times.

How to Take Moonlight Photographs.

Moonlight effects in photographs have long been admired by the uninitiated and fully appreciated by both amateur and professional photographers for their beauty, and many plates, too, have been spoiled by snapshooters who have accepted moonlight as the real illuminator of these views and accordingly focused directly on this beautiful orb of night. Moonlights with the moon herself in evidence are really sun photographs—that is, pictures taken with a rapid exposure, the camera pointed toward the sun generally in the late afternoon or early morning and with clouds between the lens and the direct rays.

Many charming so called night pictures are taken by making two exposures, a short one in the rapidly diminishing afternoon sunlight, to get an impression of buildings and other dark objects and another longer one after dark to print in the gas and electric lights that line the long street or mark out the roads and winding pathways of a city park.—James B. Carrington in Scribner's.

An Old Catechism.

At a meeting of the Worcester Anti-quarian society Senator Hoar said that when he was a boy in Worcester a catechism was in use of which the following is a sample:

Where is hell?
Under the earth—a place of darkness.
Who live in hell?
The devil, his angels and bad men.
What do they do in hell?
They curse God and sin continually.
Do you deserve to go to hell?
I do.

For any one to assert that petroleum oil possesses no therapeutic power is simply to make an assertion of ignorance, for petroleum, or rock oil, as it is sometimes called, is, it is well known to those who have paid any attention to the subject, used with the most beneficial results in all chronic bronchial and pulmonary disorders.

A GOOD STORY.

But the Author Would Be a Poor Man to Write History.

"The most desperate personal act I witnessed during the war was performed by a Wisconsin cavalryman," said C. J. Hilton of Madison. "It was at Fleetwood Hill, and the man discounted the capture made at Ciudad Rodrigo by Charles O'Malley's man, Mickey Free. The Wisconsin man rode out between two great cavalry forces—Union and Confederate—and attacked a lieutenant and two men belonging to Jeb Stuart's force, and after a hand to hand saber fight, lasting fully ten minutes, captured the three and brought them in. It was the prettiest fight of the kind I ever saw, and the Wisconsin trooper was cheered by every man on our side who witnessed his act and by some of Stuart's riders. I don't know who the man was, but my recollection is that he belonged to the Second Wisconsin."

A man who wore the Loyal Legion button said he did not think the Second Wisconsin was in the fight with Stuart at Brandy Station and Fleetwood Hill. He asked for the story, however:

"I was a member of the Eighth New York," said Mr. Hilton, "and our regiment was part of the cavalry command sent under Pleasanton to look up Jeb Stuart just before Gettysburg. We found Stuart—yellow sash, black hat plumes, gold spurs and all that—at Brandy Station, and with him were all his riders. The fight was a hot one, and we came very near being beautifully whipped, although we claimed the victory on the ground that we learned what we wanted to know—where Stuart was and what Lee was about. Some of the heaviest fighting of the day was at a spot called Fleetwood Hill, and it was there that the Wisconsin trooper captured his three men."

"We had been at it hammer and tongs for two or three hours, when there came one of those let ups you all have seen—for all the world like two bulldogs looking for a fresh hold. While both sides were waiting for the order to advance a Confederate lieutenant and two men rode out from their tents, moving toward us as if searching for something on the field. Everybody on our side watched them and wondered what they were looking for. The two lines were fully two-thirds of a mile apart, and the three had got about a third of the way across toward us. Then over on the right of our line was a stir and commotion, and the excitement spread along until it reached us."

"The right of our line was concealed from us by a little grove of oak trees. A trooper in blue, mounted on a big bay that looked and carried himself like a thoroughbred, was riding out to meet those three men in gray. He sat on his horse like a riding school master. When within 100 yards of Stuart's three men he halted, saluted with his saber and dropped his carbine and revolver. The three men from the other side had been watching him, and, understanding the challenge, dropped their arms."

"Then came the fight. It was a saber contest, with three against one. That Wisconsin man disarmed that lieutenant in two passes, hamstringing the horse of another and put his blade through the shoulder of the third. He brought the three into our lines."

"What do you think of that?" he concluded.

"The story is all right," said one of the listeners, "but I don't think you would do to write history."—Milwaukee Sentinel.

The Profits of Monte Carlo.

The merchant whose losses are the result of untoward and unforeseen changes in the market receives sympathy and help, but what bank or private friend will advance money to a gambler? The betting man who has staked his last shilling and lost it is pronounced a fool and has put himself beyond the reach of practical compassion. The sharper who has fleeced him has neither gratitude nor pity. He uses his victim as the butt of his ridicule. And the victim himself, who has risked his money on mere chance, or on baseless information, or on fraudulent representations, freely pronounces himself a fool, judging himself in the light of the issue. To fancy that we shall be exceptions and win where others have lost, that we shall be the solitary lucky ones among the thousands unlucky, is a folly to which we are all liable, but it is none the less a folly.

It is stated that the winnings of the table or bank at Monte Carlo last year amounted to £800,000—that is to say, this was the net sum lost by those who played. Yet each gambler who stakes his little pile fancies he will be the one to win. There are some thousands of bookmakers in our own country. Out of whose pockets do they pick so comfortable a living? Out of the pockets of their dupes, who so bountifully contribute to the maintenance of their worst enemies.—Good Words.

The Word "Toast."

The word "toast," used for describing the proposal of a health in an after dinner speech, dates back to mediaeval times, when the loving cup was still regarded as an indispensable feature of every banquet. The cup would be filled to the brim with wine or mead, in the center of which would be floating a piece of toasted bread. After putting his lips thereto the host would pass the cup to the guest of honor seated on his right hand, and the latter would in turn pass it to his right hand neighbor. In this manner the cup would circulate around the table, each one presenting a sip. Until finally the cup would come back to the host, who would then what remained swallow the toast and toast in honor of all the friends seated at the table.



TWIN BROTHERS.

WILL
MAKE
YOU
HAPPY!



Do you want to be happy and make all your friends happy? Then come to TWIN BROTHERS to make your selections of Christmas presents. We have the largest, grandest and prettiest stock of holiday goods ever displayed in Paris. We are giving goods away—you might say—so low are we selling them. To make room we have decided to sacrifice our immense stock of

MEN'S AND BOY'S OVERCOATS, CLOTHING, LADIES' JACKETS AND CAPES, COMFORTS, BLANKETS, BOOTS, SHOES, ETC.

Read every line in this advertisement, it will advise where to buy and save:
Big Bargains in Capes that were \$2.00 now 95c, 2.50 now 1.25, 3.50 now 1.95, 5.00 now 2.50, 6.00 now 3.00, 7.50 now 4.25, 9.00 now 5.00, 10.00 now 6.25, 12.50 now 7.00, 15.00 now 7.50.
Jackets that were \$3.00 now 2.00, 4.50 now 2.25, 5.00 now 2.50, 6.00 now 3.25, 7.50 now 3.75, 8.50 now 4.25, 10.50 now 5.25, 12.00 now 5.95, 15.00 now 6.95.
Giving away Overcoats and Ulsters that were \$3.00 now 1.95, 5.00 now 2.75, 7.50 now 3.75, 10.00 now 5.00, 12.50 now 7.00, 15.00 now 8.00, 20.00 now 9.95.

Make your Christmas selections from our beautiful stock of silk handkerchiefs, linen handkerchiefs, initial handkerchiefs, mufflers, fine hosiery, fine gloves, fine jewelry, fine garters, neckwear, fine shirts, cuff buttons, ear-rings, stick-pins, hair-pins, fine purses, silk umbrellas, kid gloves, fine plush cases, brush and comb sets, water sets, mirrors, boxes, perfumes, glove cases.

Toys, dolls, carriages, wagons, baby houses, dishes, drums, chairs, guns, ships, desks, watches, tambourines, accordions, vases, sideboards, carts, sleighs, trains, bedsteads, cradles, bureaus, trumpets, dancing figures, whips, games, puzzles, rockers, wheelbarrows.

Big Bargains also in MEN'S and BOY'S SUITS.

Free! Free! We give a Large Handsome Framed Picture when your purchase amounts to \$10.00. We give Coupon Tickets with everything you buy of us, no matter how small.

Remember, the place to save money is at

TWIN BROTHERS.

BOURBON'S BIGGEST BARGAIN BRINGERS,

701-703 MAIN ST., PARIS, KY

RAILROAD TIME CARD.

L. & N. R. R.

ARRIVAL OF TRAINS:

From Cincinnati—10:58 a. m.; 5:38 p. m.; 10:15 p. m.
From Lexington—4:39 a. m.; 7:45 a. m.; 3:33 p. m.; 6:27 p. m.
From Richmond—4:35 a. m.; 7:40 a. m.; 3:25 p. m.
From Maysville—7:42 a. m.; 8:25 p. m.

DEPARTURE OF TRAINS:

To Cincinnati—4:45 a. m.; 7:55 a. m.; 3:40 p. m.
To Lexington—7:50 a. m.; 11:05 a. m.; 5:45 p. m.; 10:21 p. m.
To Richmond—11:08 a. m.; 5:43 p. m.; 10:25 p. m.
To Maysville—7:50 a. m.; 6:35 p. m.
F. B. CARR, Agent.

CHESAPEAKE & OHIO RY.

TIME TABLE.

EAST BOUND.

Lv Louisville..... 8:30am 6:00pm
Ar Lexington..... 11:35am 8:40pm
Lv Lexington..... 11:25am 8:50pm 8:30am 5:50pm
Lv Winchester..... 11:58am 9:23pm 9:15am 6:30pm
Ar Mt. Sterling..... 12:25pm 9:50pm 9:50am 7:05pm
Ar Washington..... 6:15am 3:00pm
Ar Philadelphia..... 10:15am 7:05pm
Ar New York..... 12:40pm 8:05pm

WEST BOUND.

Ar Winchester..... 7:50am 4:50pm 6:55am 2:30pm
Ar Lexington..... 8:05am 5:05pm 7:55am 3:45pm
Ar Frankfort..... 8:11am 6:30pm
Ar Shelbyville..... 10:01am 7:20pm
Ar Louisville..... 11:00am 8:15pm

Trains marked thus + run daily except Sunday; other trains run daily.

Through Sleepers between Louisville, Lexington and New York without change.

For rates, Sleeping Car reservations or any information call on

F. B. CARR,
Agent L. & N. R. R.,
or, GEORGE W. BARNES,
Div. Pass. Agent,
Lexington, Ky.

HOUSE AND LOT AND BLACK-SMITH SHOP FOR SALE.

I DESIRE to sell my house and lot, with blacksmith shop, at Jacksonville, Ky. I will sell for half cash, balance in twelve months. For further particulars, address, or call on

BENJ. F. SHARON,
Jacksonville, Ky.

JOHN CONNELLY, PLUMBER,

PARIS, KENTUCKY.
Work guaranteed satisfactory. Calls promptly answered. Your work is solicited. Prices, reasonable.

The World Almanac and Encyclopedia FOR 1898



Will
Answer
Any
Question
You may
Ask It.

* Standard
* American
* Annual.

PRICE 25 CENTS

Ready Jan. 1, 1898,
On All News Stands.

Larger, Better, More Complete
Than Ever.

The most widely sold Annual Reference Book and Political Manual published.

THE WORLD,

Pulitzer Building, New York.

M. L. LILEY,

NEW YORK.

PARIS, KY.

Deposited

to 12 a. m.; 1 to 6 p. m.

H. SMITH,

PARIS, KY.

Office

to 12 a. m.; 1 to 5 p. m.

Local, State and National

WILL BE FOUND IN

THE BOURBON NEWS AND THE CINCINNATI WEEKLY ENQUIRER.

We have arranged a Clubbing Rate by which we can give

One Year for \$2.25,
Regular Price for Both is \$2.75.

We save you generous part of this sum.
Send or bring your cash with order to

THE BOURBON NEWS, PARIS, KY.

WANTED—TRUSTWORTHY and active gentlemen or ladies to travel for responsible, established house in Kentucky. Monthly \$65.00 and expenses. Position steady. Reference. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. The Dominion Company, Dept. W. Chicago. (16 Nov-8)

News and Opinions

OF

National Importance

THE SUN

ALONE CONTAINS BOTH.

Daily, by mail, \$6 a year

Daily and Sunday, by mail, \$8 a year

The Sunday Sun

is the greatest Sunday Newspaper in the world.

Price 5c. a copy. By mail, \$3 a year.

Address THE SUN, New York.

BLUEGRASS NURSERIES

FALL 1897.

Full stock of Fruit and Ornamental

Trees, Grape Vines, Small Fruits,

Asparagus, and every thing for Orchard, Lawn and Garden.

We have no Agents, but sell direct to the planter, saving enormous commissions. Catalogue on application to

H. F. HILLENMEYER,

LEXINGTON, KY.